Table 34. Number of library visits and reference transactions of public libraries per capita, by state:

State	Ranking	Library visits per capita ¹	State	Ranking	Reference transactions per capita ¹
Total ²	†	5.28	Total ²	†	1.04
New Hampshire	1	8.18	Ohio	1	1.79
Ohio	2	7.64	Florida	2	1.68
Connecticut	3	7.20	Louisiana	3	1.54
Wyoming	4	7.12	District of Columbia ³	4	1.43
Indiana	5	7.11	New York	5	1.43
Vermont	6	7.07	Maryland	6	1.38
Illinois	7	7.04	North Carolina	7	1.35
Utah	8	7.00	Illinois	8	1.24
Oregon	9	6.85	Utah	9	1.22
Washington	10	6.83	South Carolina	10	1.18
Colorado	11	6.76	Connecticut	11	1.17
Iowa	12	6.63	Colorado	12	1.13
Massachusetts	13	6.52	Indiana	13	1.12
Kansas	14	6.48	Georgia	14	1.09
Nebraska	15	6.46	Michigan	15	1.03
Idaho	16	6.44	New Jersey	16	1.03
Wisconsin	17	6.40	Virginia	17	1.03
New York	18	6.21	Missouri	18	1.02
Missouri	19	6.17	Wyoming	19	0.97
New Jersey	20	6.09	Idaho	20	0.95
Maine	21	6.00	Kansas	21	0.93
Michigan	22	6.00	Alabama	22	0.92
Maryland	23	5.99	California	23	0.90
Rhode Island	24	5.97	Wisconsin	24	0.89
Delaware	25	5.76	Vermont	25	0.89
Virginia	26	5.53	Washington	26	0.86
South Dakota	27	5.47	Massachusetts	27	0.83
Minnesota	28	5.34	New Hampshire	28	0.81
New Mexico	29	5.25	Kentucky	29	0.77
Oklahoma	30	5.20	Arkansas	30	0.77
Montana	31	5.03	Pennsylvania	31	0.75
Alaska	32	4.84	Nebraska	32	0.75
Florida	33	4.84	Rhode Island	33	0.75
North Carolina	34	4.72	Oregon	34	0.74
California	35	4.63	Minnesota	35	0.73
Kentucky	36	4.59	North Dakota	36	0.71
Arizona	37	4.59	New Mexico	37	0.70
District of Columbia ³	38	4.58	Oklahoma	38	0.70
Nevada	39	4.27	Arizona	39	0.70
North Dakota	40	4.25	Texas	40	0.69
South Carolina	41	4.24	Delaware	41	0.68
Hawaii ⁴	42	4.12	Nevada	42	0.65
Arkansas	43	3.97	South Dakota	43	0.65
Pennsylvania	44	3.94	Hawaii ⁴	44	0.61
Georgia	45	3.91	lowa	45	0.60
Alabama	46	3.73	Alaska	46	0.58
Louisiana	47	3.70	Mississippi	47	0.58
Texas	48	3.44	Tennessee	48	0.57
West Virginia	49	3.40	Maine	49	0.54
Tennessee	50	3.37	Montana	50	0.51
Mississippi	51	3.34	West Virginia	51	0.48

[†] Not applicable.
¹ Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas.
² Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.
³ The District of Columbia, although not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data.
⁴ Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state.

Table 35. Number of circulation transactions of public libraries per capita and interlibrary loans received per 1,000 population, by state: Fiscal year 2010

per 1,000 popula	ition, by state			1	
		Circulation			Interlibrary loans
State	Ranking	transactions per capita ¹	State	Ranking	received per 1,000 population ¹
Total ²	†	8.27	Total ²	+	221.20
Ohio	1	16.32	Wisconsin	1	1,601.68
Oregon	2	16.25	Oregon	2	1,226.67
Indiana	3	13.73	Rhode Island	3	1,136.21
Utah	4	13.65	Massachusetts	4	965.69
Colorado	5	13.30	Ohio	5	728.19
Washington	6	13.11	Delaware	6	510.80
New Hampshire	7	12.16	Illinois	7	483.51
Kansas	8	11.58	New York	8	414.37
Delaware	9	11.52	Maine	9	388.87
Wisconsin	10	11.41	Michigan	10	344.46
Minnesota	11	11.10	Pennsylvania	11	328.11
Idaho	12	10.73	New Jersey	12	326.13
Maryland	13	10.70	Kansas	13	292.21
Missouri	14	10.56	Montana	14	238.85
Illinois	15	10.34	Minnesota	15	222.35
Nebraska	16	10.29	Connecticut	16	214.69
Connecticut	17	10.18	New Hampshire	17	178.50
Virginia	18	10.04	Colorado	18	142.12
lowa	19	9.88	lowa	19	141.71
Massachusetts	20	9.83	North Dakota	20	90.81
Wyoming	21	9.75	California	21	87.91
Michigan	22	9.04	Wyoming	22	87.75
Vermont	23	8.78	Vermont	23	83.62
New York Maine	24 25	8.72 8.38	Arizona	24 25	77.23 73.24
South Dakota	25	8.21	Georgia Missouri	25	73.24
Arizona	20	8.20	Idaho	20	69.59
New Jersey	27	7.64	West Virginia	27	64.79
Nevada	29	7.59	South Dakota	29	50.24
Montana	30	7.50	Nevada	30	47.79
Rhode Island	31	7.43	Alaska	31	40.80
Oklahoma	32	7.37	Maryland	32	38.75
North Dakota	33	7.17	Alabama	33	33.65
Florida	34	7.14	Nebraska	34	29.44
Kentucky	35	6.96	Virginia	35	26.91
New Mexico	36	6.66	Louisiana	36	26.80
California	37	6.35	Washington	37	24.58
Alaska	38	6.28	Indiana	38	23.90
South Carolina	39	6.23	South Carolina	39	23.34
North Carolina	40	5.98	Texas	40	18.96
Pennsylvania	41	5.80	Kentucky	41	18.66
Arkansas	42	5.48	Tennessee	42	17.83
Hawaii ⁴	43	5.37	Arkansas	43	17.05
Texas	44	5.18	Oklahoma	44	14.97
Georgia	45	4.68	New Mexico	45	14.25
Alabama	46	4.60	Florida	46	10.40
District of Columbia ³	47	4.51	Utah	47	9.52
Louisiana	48	4.38	Mississippi	48	9.18
West Virginia	49	4.36	North Carolina	49	6.68
Tennessee	50	4.18	District of Columbia ³	50	0.12
Mississippi	51	2.97	Hawaii ⁴	51	0.04

Not applicable.

¹ Per capita and per 1,000 population are based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas.
² Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.
³ The District of Columbia, although not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data.
⁴ Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state.

Table 36. Average number of public-use Internet computers of public libraries per stationary outlet and number per 5,000 population, by state: Fiscal year 2010

State	Ranking	Average number public-use Internet computers per stationary outlet	State	Ranking	Public-use Internet computers per 5,000 population ¹
Total ²	†	14.91	Total ²	†	4.11
Florida	1	29.65	Vermont	1	8.71
District of Columbia 3	2	27.16	Kansas	2	7.21
Maryland	3	23.04	Wyoming	3	7.13
Arizona	4	20.38	Indiana	4	7.13
Georgia	5	19.39	Nebraska	5	7.08
Kentucky	6	19.38	Iowa	6	6.86
Texas	7	19.19	New Hampshire	7	6.78
Indiana	8	18.70	Maine	8	6.49
South Carolina	9	18.10	South Dakota	9	6.26
Colorado	10	17.88	Rhode Island	10	5.78
North Carolina	11	17.48	Connecticut	11	5.73
Virginia	12	17.24	District of Columbia ³	12	5.64
California	13	17.02	Montana	13	5.32
Delaware	14	16.97	Idaho	14	5.32
Rhode Island	15	16.66	Michigan	15	5.28
Washington	16	16.63	Alabama	16	5.21
Alabama	17	16.52	Louisiana	17	5.03
New Jersey	18	16.46	Illinois	18	5.02
Connecticut	19	16.45	North Dakota	19	4.94
Michigan	20	16.06	Ohio	20	4.93
Ohio	21	15.82	Minnesota	21	4.90
New York	22	15.65	Wisconsin	22	4.63
Illinois	23	15.12	Colorado	23	4.55
Nevada	24	14.70	Kentucky	24	4.50
Tennessee	25	14.65	New York	25	4.40
Minnesota	26	14.57	Missouri	26	4.37
Utah	27	13.94	New Mexico	27	4.36
Louisiana	28	13.56	Alaska	28	4.32
Oregon	29	12.93	New Jersey	29	4.31
New Mexico	30	12.71	Florida	30	4.29
Missouri	31	12.49	Massachusetts	31	4.25
Massachusetts	32	12.30	Washington	32	4.20
Pennsylvania	33	11.74	Arkansas	33	4.08
Oklahoma	34	11.66	Mississippi	34	4.08
Wisconsin	35	11.47	South Carolina	35	4.05
Idaho	36	10.47	Oklahoma	36	3.97
Mississippi	37	10.47	Virginia	37	3.96
Wyoming	38	10.23	Oregon	38	3.80
Arkansas	39	9.79	Georgia	39	3.77
Kansas	40	9.61	Maryland	40	3.77
Montana	40	8.71	West Virginia	40	3.66
			North Carolina		
Nebraska West Virginia	42 43	8.13		42 43	3.60
0		7.61	Texas		3.56
Iowa	44	7.40	Delaware	44	3.48
South Dakota	45	7.25	Arizona	45	3.46
North Dakota	46	6.91	Tennessee	46	3.38
Alaska	47	6.70	Utah	47	3.16
Maine	48	6.65	Pennsylvania	48	3.11
New Hampshire	49	5.94	California	49	2.44
Vermont	50	5.82	Nevada	50	2.33
Hawaii 4	51	5.37	Hawaii ⁴	51	1.06

¹ Not applicable.
¹ Per 5,000 population is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas.
² Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.
³ The District of Columbia, although not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data.
⁴ Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state.

Table 37. Number of print materials of public libraries per capita and current print serial subscriptions of public libraries per 1,000 population, by state: Fiscal year 2010

State	Ranking	Print materials per capita ¹	State	Ranking	Current print serial subscriptions per 1,000 population ¹
Total ²	†	2.72	Total ²	†	5.39
New Hampshire	1	6.02	Ohio	1	12.91
Vermont	2	5.41	New Hampshire	2	12.83
Maine	3	5.31	Iowa	3	11.90
Massachusetts	4	4.98	Indiana	4	11.36
Wyoming	5	4.59	Vermont	5	11.09
Indiana	6	4.50	Nebraska	6	10.77
Connecticut	7	4.45	Wyoming	7	10.52
Rhode Island	8	4.40	Illinois	8	9.35
Nebraska	9	4.36	Missouri	9	8.97
Kansas	10	4.22	New York	10	8.88
North Dakota	11	4.14	Maine	11	8.74
Iowa	12	4.06	Alaska	12	8.59
South Dakota	13	4.04	North Dakota	13	8.51
Ohio	14	3.91	Wisconsin	14	7.98
New York	15	3.85	Connecticut	15	7.72
Illinois	16	3.84	Massachusetts	16	7.52
New Jersey	17	3.59	New Mexico	17	7.47
Michigan	18	3.56	Kansas	18	7.33
Wisconsin	19	3.48	South Dakota	19	6.63
Missouri	20	3.39	Michigan	20	6.54
Alaska	21	3.35	Washington	21	6.51
District of Columbia ³	22	3.16	New Jersey	22	6.29
Idaho	23	3.16	Minnesota	23	6.26
Montana	24	3.10	Rhode Island	24	6.20
Minnesota	25	2.94	Delaware	25	5.70
West Virginia	26 27	2.91	Montana	26	5.66
New Mexico	27	2.81 2.75	Louisiana	27 28	5.63 5.63
Oregon Hawaii ⁴	28	2.75	Oregon Colorado	20	5.40
Louisiana	30	2.63	District of Columbia 3	30	5.30
Arkansas	31	2.03	Idaho	31	4.93
Maryland	32	2.48	Maryland	32	4.62
Utah	33	2.40	South Carolina	33	4.59
Virginia	34	2.46	Utah	34	4.55
Oklahoma	35	2.42	Pennsylvania	35	4.45
Colorado	36	2.39	Kentucky	36	4.36
Delaware	37	2.38	West Virginia	37	3.90
Pennsylvania	38	2.32	Arkansas	38	3.79
Washington	39	2.25	Virginia	39	3.66
South Carolina	40	2.22	Florida	40	3.51
Alabama	41	2.10	Oklahoma	41	3.03
Kentucky	42	2.10	Nevada	42	3.02
California	43	1.93	North Carolina	43	2.96
Tennessee	44	1.89	Mississippi	44	2.80
Mississippi	45	1.89	California	45	2.73
Florida	46	1.82	Arizona	46	2.71
Texas	47	1.82	Hawaii ⁴	47	2.53
North Carolina	48	1.79	Alabama	48	2.44
Nevada	49	1.67	Texas	49	2.44
Georgia	50	1.66	Tennessee	50	2.34
Arizona	51	1.41	Georgia	51	2.29

† Not applicable.

f Not applicable.
¹ Per capita and per 1,000 population are based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas.
² Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.
³ The District of Columbia, although not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data.
⁴ Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state.



Table 38. Number of audio - physical units of public libraries per 1,000 population, by state: Fiscal year 2010

		Audio - physical units
State	Ranking	per 1,000 population ¹
Total ²	†	160.70
Ohio	1	317.93
Indiana Naw Llamashira	2	289.23
New Hampshire Wyoming	3	279.44 268.67
Illinois	5	255.42
Connecticut	6	254.47
Vermont	7	243.35
Wisconsin	8	235.42
lowa	9	229.55
New York Pennsylvania	10 11	226.53 223.20
Utah	11	223.20
Oregon	13	205.70
Massachusetts	14	205.48
Washington	15	203.65
Kansas	16	201.88
New Jersey Michigan	17 18	201.02 195.93
Maine	18	195.85
Colorado	20	190.25
Missouri	21	183.20
Nebraska	22	182.64
Maryland	23	180.89
District of Columbia ³ Alaska	24 25	172.21 171.60
Minnesota	25	171.60
Idaho	27	163.54
South Dakota	28	162.85
North Dakota	29	162.31
Nevada	30	160.94
Virginia New Mexico	31 32	145.34 144.97
Rhode Island	33	144.04
Kentucky	34	143.08
Delaware	35	139.66
Florida	36	134.03
Oklahoma	37	131.32
Montana West Virginia	38 39	130.54 128.69
Arizona	40	114.05
South Carolina	41	102.80
Alabama	42	96.65
California	43	95.29
Tennessee	44	87.74
Texas Louisiana	45 46	87.24 87.00
Arkansas	40	84.67
Hawaii ⁴	48	83.34
North Carolina	49	76.69
Mississippi	50	75.82
Georgia	51	67.58

⁵ Not applicable.
¹ Per 1,000 population is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas.
² Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.
³ The District of Columbia, although not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data.
⁴ Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state.



Table 39. Number of video - physical units of public libraries per 1,000 population, by state: Fiscal year 2010

State	Ranking	Video - physical units per 1,000 population ¹
Total ²	t	177.64
Ohio	1	387.16
New Hampshire	2	364.46
Indiana	3	353.19
Kansas	4	306.40
Alaska	5	299.90
Wisconsin Vermont Connecticut	6 7 8	293.50 299.67 297.87 289.90 266.83
Wyoming Utah Maine Iowa	10 11 12	264.81 262.37 260.78
Massachusetts	13	252.04
Illinois	14	242.57
South Dakota	15	240.91
Colorado	16	229.34
Rhode Island	17	226.45
Nebraska	18	222.48
Oregon	19	214.68
New York	20	213.89
New Jersey	21	212.73
Michigan	22	206.19
District of Columbia ³	23	197.66
Nevada	24	196.66
North Dakota	25	189.51
Idaho	26	189.34
Delaware	27	188.95
Maryland	28	185.48
Montana	29	181.52
Washington	30	178.77
Missouri	31	177.18
Florida	32	176.39
Minnesota	33	167.92
Louisiana	34	154.82
West Virginia	35	143.03
Kentucky	36	141.61
New Mexico	37	140.48
Pennsylvania	38	139.58
Virginia	39	135.70
South Carolina	40	135.38
Arizona	41	130.12
California	42	122.20
Oklahoma	43	121.73
Alabama	44	113.39
Arkansas	45	113.16
Hawaii ⁴	46	109.23
Texas	47	100.35
Mississippi	48	99.26
Tennessee	49	97.94
Georgia	50	86.59
North Carolina	51	74.25

† Not applicable.

 ¹ Per 1,000 population is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas.
² Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.
³ The District of Columbia, although not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data.
⁴ Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state. public library for the entire state.

Table 40. Number of paid full-time-equivalent (FTE) staff and paid FTE librarians of public libraries per 25,000 population, by state: Fiscal year 2010

per 25,000 pop	liation, by	state: Fiscal year 20			Paid FTE librarians
		Total paid FTE staff per 25,000			per 25,000
State	Ranking	population ¹	State	Ranking	population ¹
Total ²	†	11.71	Total ²	†	3.94
Wyoming	1	21.08	New Hampshire	1	11.68
New Hampshire	2	20.68	Vermont	2	9.16
Indiana	3	19.65	Wyoming	3	8.69
Kansas	4	18.82	Iowa	4	8.03
Ohio	5	18.45	Maine	5	7.81
Illinois	6	18.20	Connecticut	6	7.68
Connecticut	7	17.19	Kansas	7	7.32
District of Columbia ³	8	16.43	Nebraska	8	6.68
New York	9	16.27	Illinois	9	6.59
New Jersey	10	16.14	Massachusetts	10	6.45
Maine	11	15.26	Indiana	11	6.31
Vermont	12	15.13	Kentucky	12	6.22
Missouri	13	15.03	Ohio	13	5.90
Nebraska	14	15.02	South Dakota	14	5.85
Maryland	15	14.99	Maryland	15	5.77
Colorado	16	14.80	Rhode Island	16	5.51
lowa	17	14.12	Louisiana	17	5.41
Rhode Island	18	14.10	New York	18	5.35
Massachusetts	19	13.63	Montana	19	5.31
Idaho	20	13.30	Oklahoma	20	5.27
Wisconsin	21	13.24	North Dakota	21	5.10
Washington	22 23	13.23 13.10	West Virginia	22 23	4.91 4.84
Louisiana Michigan	23	12.98	Mississippi Michigan	23	4.80
Virginia	24	12.98	Wisconsin	24	4.80
Oregon	26	12.40	New Jersey	26	4.74
Kentucky	27	11.89	District of Columbia ³	27	4.65
South Dakota	28	11.70	New Mexico	28	4.59
Alaska	29	11.35	Colorado	29	4.44
South Carolina	30	11.08	Alaska	30	4.05
Oklahoma	31	11.01	Alabama	31	3.98
Delaware	32	10.75	Idaho	32	3.81
Hawaii ⁴	33	10.72	Delaware	33	3.68
Utah	34	10.63	Minnesota	34	3.59
Minnesota	35	10.61	Missouri	35	3.47
New Mexico	36	10.55	Oregon	36	3.44
Arkansas	37	10.24	Hawaii ⁴	37	3.40
Mississippi	38	10.17	South Carolina	38	3.18
Montana	39	9.84	Virginia	39	3.14
Pennsylvania	40	9.84	Washington	40	3.10
Alabama	41	9.53	Utah	41	3.02
North Dakota	42	9.52	Pennsylvania	42	3.02
Florida West Virginia	43	9.16	Florida	43	2.85
West Virginia Arizona	44	8.90 8.09	Texas Arizona	44	2.45
North Carolina	45 46	7.88	Tennessee	45	2.30
North Carolina Nevada	46	7.88	California	46	2.21
Texas	47	7.85	Nevada	47	2.19
California	40	7.51	North Carolina	49	1.93
Georgia	50	7.49	Arkansas	50	1.93
Tennessee	51	7.15	Georgia	51	1.77

 † Not applicable. 1 Per 25,000 population is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas.

² Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition. ³ The District of Columbia, although not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data.

⁴ Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state.

Table 41. Number of paid full-time-equivalent (FTE) librarians with an "ALA-MLS" and other paid FTE staff of public libraries per 25,000 population, by state: Fiscal year 2010

State	Ranking	Paid FTE librarians with "ALA-MLS" per 25,000 population ¹	State	Ranking	Other paid FTE staff per 25,000 population ¹
Total ²	†	2.68	Total ²	†	7.77
Connecticut	1	5.33	Indiana	1	13.34
New Hampshire	2	5.25	Ohio	2	12.55
Rhode Island	3	4.81	Wyoming	3	12.39
New Jersey	4	4.73	District of Columbia 3	4	11.78
District of Columbia ³	5	4.65	Illinois	5	11.61
New York	6	4.35	Missouri	6	11.56
Massachusetts	7	4.30	Kansas	7	11.50
Illinois	8	4.25	New Jersey	8	11.41
Ohio	9	4.10	New York	9	10.92
Indiana	10	3.94	Colorado	10	10.37
Maine	11	3.62	Washington	11	10.13
Hawaii ⁴	12	3.38	Connecticut	12	9.51
Michigan	13	3.31	Idaho	13	9.49
Colorado	14	3.05	Virginia	14	9.26
Washington	15	2.98	Maryland	15	9.21
Maryland	16	2.94	New Hampshire	16	9.00
Virginia	17	2.83	Oregon	17	8.77
Oregon	18	2.77	Rhode Island	18	8.59
Wisconsin	19	2.76	Wisconsin	19	8.50
Kansas	20	2.63	Nebraska	20	8.34
South Carolina	21	2.51	Arkansas	21	8.32
Minnesota	22	2.46	Michigan	22	8.18
Florida	23	2.45	South Carolina	23	7.90
Vermont	24	2.40	Louisiana	24	7.69
Pennsylvania	25	2.25	Utah	25	7.61
Wyoming	26	2.19	Maine	26	7.45
Iowa	27	2.16	Hawaii ⁴	27	7.33
Alaska	28	2.14	Alaska	28	7.30
Louisiana	29	2.09	Massachusetts	29	7.19
Nebraska	30	2.08	Delaware	30	7.07
Oklahoma	31	2.07	Minnesota	31	7.02
California	32	2.07	Pennsylvania	32	6.82
New Mexico	33	2.01	Florida	33	6.31
Missouri	34	1.99	Iowa	34	6.10
Kentucky	35	1.86	Vermont	35	5.97
Arizona	36	1.84	New Mexico	36	5.96
Delaware	37	1.82	North Carolina	37	5.95
North Carolina	38	1.82	South Dakota	38	5.85
Texas	39	1.79	Arizona	39	5.79
Georgia	40	1.70	Nevada	40	5.78
Utah	41	1.69	Oklahoma	41	5.75
Montana	42	1.67	Georgia	42	5.73
Nevada	43	1.63	Kentucky	43	5.67
Alabama	44	1.61	Alabama	44	5.55
North Dakota	45	1.57	Mississippi	45	5.34
Idaho	46	1.46	California	46	5.32
South Dakota	47	1.36	Texas	47	5.30
West Virginia	48	1.35	Tennessee	48	4.94
Arkansas	49	1.20	Montana	49	4.53
Tennessee	50	1.12	North Dakota	50	4.43
Mississippi	51	1.02	West Virginia	51	3.99

¹ Not applicable.
¹ An *ALA-MLS* is a master's degree from a program of library and information studies accredited by the American Library Association. Per 25,000 population is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas.
² Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.
³ The District of Columbia, although not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data.
⁴ Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state.

Table 42. Total and state operating revenue of public libraries per capita, by state: Fiscal year 2010

State	Ranking	Total operating revenue per capita ¹	State	Ranking	State operating revenue per capita ¹
Total ²	†	\$37.97	Total ²	t	\$2.69
District of Columbia ³	1	68.15	Ohio	1	30.08
Illinois	2	65.23	Hawaii ⁴	2	20.13
Ohio	3	59.75	Rhode Island	3	8.38
New Jersey	4	59.12	Maryland	4	5.93
New York	5	56.94	Delaware	5	5.54
Indiana	6	56.91	Pennsylvania	6	5.29
Wyoming	7	56.80	West Virginia	7	4.99
Colorado	8	54.47	Indiana	8	3.39
Connecticut	9	53.53	Georgia	9	3.01
Washington	10	53.18	Mississippi	10	3.00
New Hampshire	11	52.76	Illinois	11	2.64
Oregon	12	50.19	Arkansas	12	2.12
Louisiana	13	46.96	New York	13	2.11
Kansas	14	46.74	Virginia	14	2.09
Alaska	15	46.70	Minnesota	15	1.78
Maryland	16	46.67	North Carolina	16	1.68
Rhode Island	17	44.61	North Dakota	17	1.63
Michigan	18	43.15	Kansas	18	1.55
Missouri	19	42.78	New Mexico	19	1.51
Massachusetts	20	39.01	South Carolina	20	1.41
Wisconsin	21	38.78	Kentucky	21	1.40
Minnesota	22	38.25	Louisiana	22	1.37
Nebraska	23	37.77	Florida	23	1.20
Kentucky	24	37.61	Massachusetts	24	1.01
Nevada	25	37.35	Nevada	25	1.00
Vermont	26	37.26	Michigan	26	0.96
Iowa	27	36.10	Missouri	27	0.96
Virginia	28	35.15	Alaska	28	0.93
Maine	29	35.08	Iowa	29	0.92
Delaware	30	34.39	Oklahoma	30	0.85
Oklahoma	31	34.00	Alabama	31	0.84
Idaho	32	33.47	Wisconsin	32	0.75
California	33	33.37	California	33	0.70
Utah	34	32.56	Idaho	34	0.69
Florida	35	31.58	New Jersey	35	0.55
South Dakota	36	30.30	Montana	36	0.50
Arizona	37	29.29	Connecticut	37	0.49
New Mexico	38	28.15	Nebraska	38	0.36
South Carolina	39	27.78	Maine	39	0.32
Pennsylvania	40	26.90	Texas	40	0.30
Montana	41	26.19	Utah	41	0.29
North Dakota	42	25.94	Oregon	42	0.19
Arkansas	43	25.16	Arizona	43	0.11
Hawaii ⁴	44	23.88	Tennessee	44	0.07
North Carolina	45	22.05	New Hampshire	45	0.05
Alabama	46	21.01	Wyoming	46	0.05
Georgia	47	19.91	Washington	47	0.05
West Virginia	48	19.82	Colorado	48	0.01
Texas	49	19.54	Vermont	49	#
Tennessee	50	16.65	District of Columbia ³	50	0
Mississippi † Not applicable.	51	16.29	South Dakota	51	0

† Not applicable.

¹ Total revenue includes federal, state, local, and other revenue. State rankings of federal revenue are not included in this report. Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas.
² Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.
³ The District of Columbia, although not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data.
⁴ Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state.

Table 43. Local and other operating revenue of public libraries per capita, by state: Fiscal year 2010

State	Ranking	Local operating revenue per capita ¹	State	Ranking	Other operating revenue per capita ¹
Total ²	t	\$32.21	Total ²	t	\$2.90
District of Columbia ³	1	65.12	Maine	1	8.39
Illinois	2	58.70	Vermont	2	7.79
New Jersey	3	56.06	Nevada	3	7.55
Wyoming	4	53.47	New York	4	7.46
Washington	5	51.23	Ohio	5	7.40
Colorado	6	50.62	Maryland	6	7.10
Indiana	7	50.45	Connecticut	7	6.66
New Hampshire	8	48.86	Rhode Island	8	5.57
New York	9	47.06	Pennsylvania	9	4.58
Oregon	10	46.67	Kansas	10	3.88
Connecticut	11	46.36	New Hampshire	11	3.84
Louisiana	12	43.72	Illinois	12	3.67
Alaska	13	42.15	Minnesota	13	3.58
Kansas	14	41.18	Colorado	14	3.57
Michigan	15	39.87	Massachusetts	15	3.47
Missouri	16	38.61	Iowa	16	3.32
Wisconsin	17	35.82	Wyoming	17	3.22
Nebraska	18	34.89	Oregon	18	3.08
Massachusetts	19	34.37	Indiana	19	2.88
Kentucky	20	33.69	Missouri	20	2.80
Maryland	21	33.45	Hawaii ⁴	21	2.72
Minnesota	22	32.78	Idaho	22	2.59
Iowa	23	31.84	Montana	23	2.45
Oklahoma	24	31.25	Kentucky	24	2.41
Virginia	25	31.19	Nebraska	25	2.36
California	26	30.52	North Dakota	26	2.35
Rhode Island	27	30.47	Alaska	27	2.28
Utah	28	30.17	Michigan	28	2.26
Idaho	29	30.07	New Jersey	29	2.26
Vermont	30	29.47	California	30	2.02
Florida	31	28.97	Wisconsin	31	1.99
South Dakota	32	28.58	Alabama	32	1.92
Nevada	33	28.50	Utah	33	1.89
Arizona	34	27.85	Oklahoma	34	1.82
Delaware	35	27.13	Washington	35	1.73
Maine	36	26.33	Delaware	36	1.71
New Mexico	37	25.45	Virginia	37	1.67
South Carolina	38	24.49	West Virginia	38	1.59
Montana	39	23.21	North Carolina	39	1.48
Ohio	40	22.27	Louisiana	40	1.47
North Dakota	41	21.86	Mississippi	41	1.45
Arkansas	42	21.79	South Carolina	42	1.45
North Carolina	43	18.71	Georgia	43	1.42
Texas	44	18.49	South Dakota	44	1.41
Alabama	45	17.94	Florida	45	1.28
Pennsylvania	46	16.68	Arkansas	46	1.25
Georgia	47	15.44	Arizona	47	1.17
Tennessee	48	15.43	Tennessee	48	1.11
West Virginia	49	13.04	District of Columbia ³	49	1.04
Mississippi	50	11.61	New Mexico	50	0.97
Hawaii ⁴	51	0	Texas	51	0.73

Not applicable.

¹ Not applicable.
² Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas.
² Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.
³ The District of Columbia, although not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data.
⁴ Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state.

Table 44. Total operating expenditures and collection expenditures of public libraries per capita, by state: Fiscal year 2010

State	Ranking	Total operating expenditures per capita ¹	State	Ranking	Total collection expenditures per capita ¹
Total ²	†	\$36.18	Total ²	†	\$4.22
	1	67.70		1	7.70
District of Columbia ³ Illinois	1 2	67.78 59.46	Illinois Ohio	1 2	7.79 7.26
New York	3	59.46	Indiana	3	6.91
New Jersey	4	56.40	Washington	4	6.57
Connecticut	5	55.46	Missouri	5	6.43
Wyoming	6	55.18	Colorado	6	6.35
Ohio	7	53.80	New York	7	5.96
New Hampshire	8	53.17	New Hampshire	8	5.94
Washington	9	50.33	New Jersey	9	5.69
Indiana	10	50.06	Connecticut	10	5.65
Colorado	11	48.50	Massachusetts	11	5.48
Oregon	12	47.63	Maryland	12	5.44
Maryland	13	45.79	Utah	13	5.40
Alaska	14	45.36	Kansas	14	5.33
Kansas	15	43.91	Nebraska	15	5.13
Rhode Island	16	42.32	Oregon	16	5.13
Massachusetts	17	41.42	Wyoming	17	5.08
Michigan	18	40.55	Delaware	18	4.99
Missouri	19	39.40	District of Columbia ³	19	4.92
Vermont	20	38.42	Michigan	20	4.73
Wisconsin	21	38.40	Iowa	21	4.73
Minnesota	22	37.80	Oklahoma	22	4.61
Louisiana	23	36.41	Minnesota	23	4.44
Maine	24	35.14	Louisiana	24	4.42
lowa	25	34.85	Rhode Island	25	4.38
Nebraska	26	34.54	Wisconsin	26	4.37
Virginia	27	34.16	Alaska	27	4.26
California Delaware	28 29	32.63 31.56	Vermont Kentucky	28 29	4.25 4.02
Florida	30	31.39	North Dakota	30	3.85
Idaho	31	31.09	Nevada	31	3.82
Utah	32	30.85	South Carolina	32	3.79
Nevada	33	30.80	Arizona	33	3.78
Oklahoma	34	30.19	Virginia	34	3.77
Kentucky	35	28.64	South Dakota	35	3.75
South Dakota	36	28.59	Florida	36	3.53
New Mexico	37	27.86	Idaho	37	3.49
Arizona	38	27.49	Arkansas	38	3.49
South Carolina	39	26.61	New Mexico	39	3.43
Pennsylvania	40	25.81	Maine	40	3.40
North Dakota	41	24.47	Pennsylvania	41	3.19
Montana	42	24.44	Montana	42	3.05
Hawaii ⁴	43	23.18	California	43	2.73
Arkansas	44	22.79	West Virginia	44	2.67
North Carolina	45	20.83	Texas	45	2.50
Alabama	46	20.51	Alabama	46	2.38
Texas	47	19.16	North Carolina	47	2.28
Georgia	48	18.92	Hawaii ⁴	48	2.26
West Virginia	49	18.04	Tennessee	49	1.85
Tennessee	50	16.17	Georgia	50	1.77
Mississippi	51	15.59	Mississippi	51	1.42

Not applicable.

Total operating expenditures includes total staff expenditures, collection expenditures, and other operating expenditures. State rankings of other operating expenditures are not included in this report. Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas.
³ Total operating expenditures and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.
³ The District of Columbia, although not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data.
³ Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state.

Table 45. Total staff expenditures and salaries and wages expenditures of public libraries per capita, by state: Fiscal year 2010

	year 2010	Total staff			Salaries and wages
		expenditures per			expenditures per
State	Ranking	capita ¹	State	Ranking	capita ¹
Total ²	t	\$24.23	Total ²	†	\$18.23
District of Columbia ³	1	43.94	District of Columbia ³	1	36.36
New York	2	41.58	Connecticut	2	31.74
Wyoming	3	40.40	New York	3	30.88
Connecticut	4	40.15	New Hampshire	4	30.70
New Jersey	5	40.03	Illinois	5	30.34
New Hampshire	6	38.94	Wyoming	6	30.05
Illinois	7	37.28	New Jersey	7	28.68
Ohio	8	36.06	Ohio	8	27.51
Washington	9	33.96	Washington	9	25.92
Maryland	10	33.18	Massachusetts	10	25.20
Indiana	11	32.03	Indiana	11	24.74
Oregon	12	31.13	Maryland	12	24.36
Alaska	13	31.01	Colorado	13	24.03
Rhode Island	14	30.85	Rhode Island	14	23.21
Colorado	15	30.63	Kansas	15	22.87
Massachusetts	16	29.16	Oregon	16	21.19
Kansas	17	28.94	Vermont	17	20.48
Wisconsin	18	26.67	Maine	18	19.69
Minnesota	19	25.84	Alaska	19	19.38
Michigan	20	25.74	Wisconsin	20	19.19
Vermont	21	25.49	Missouri	21	19.15
Maine	22	24.52	Michigan	22	18.98
Missouri	23	24.29	Minnesota	23	18.34
Virginia	24	23.60	lowa	24	18.22
lowa	25	23.59	Virginia	25	18.15
Nebraska	26	22.56	Nebraska	26	17.39
Nevada	27	21.87	Nevada	27	16.33
California	28	21.79	Louisiana	28	16.12
Louisiana	29	21.24	Hawaii ⁴	29	16.04
Utah	30	20.33	South Dakota	30	15.82
Idaho	31	20.31	Idaho	31	15.61
Delaware	32	20.12	California	32	15.38
South Dakota	33	19.97	Oklahoma	33	15.09
Oklahoma	34	19.74	Delaware	34	15.05
Florida	35	18.52	Utah	35	14.73
New Mexico	36	18.41	Florida	36	13.61
South Carolina	37	18.06	New Mexico	37	13.49
Kentucky	38	17.53	South Carolina	38	13.33
Pennsylvania	39	17.13	Kentucky	39	13.03
Arizona	40	16.73	Pennsylvania	40	12.86
Montana	41	16.54	Montana	41	12.68
Hawaii ⁴	42	16.19	Arizona	42	12.53
North Carolina	43	14.92	North Dakota	43	11.77
North Dakota	44	14.77	North Carolina	44	11.35
Arkansas	45	14.09	Alabama	45	11.05
Alabama	45	13.99	Arkansas	45	10.96
Georgia	47	13.79	Georgia	47	10.26
Texas	48	13.18	Texas	48	9.93
West Virginia	48	11.92	West Virginia	48	9.04
Tennessee	50	11.02	Tennessee	50	8.60
Mississippi	51	10.78	Mississippi	51	8.06

[†] Not applicable. ¹ Total staff expenditures include expenditures for salaries and wages and employee benefits. State rankings of employee benefits expenditures are not

¹ To bis start expendences in training of employee benefits. Other training of employee benefits expendences are not included in this report. Per capital is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas.
² Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.
³ The District of Columbia, although not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data.
⁴ Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state.

Table 46. Number of registered borrowers of public libraries per capita, by state: Fiscal year 2010

State	Ranking	Number of registered borrowers per capita ¹
Total ²	†	0.57
Minnesota	1	0.79
Kansas	2	0.76
Ohio	3	0.76
Nebraska	4	0.75
New Hampshire	5	0.74
New Mexico	6	0.72
Wyoming	7	0.70
Indiana	8	0.70
Iowa	9	0.69
Arizona	10	0.67
Maine	11	0.67
Vermont	12	0.66
Wisconsin	13	0.64
Utah	14	0.63
Missouri Hawaii ⁴ Florida Washington Oklahoma Arkansas	15 16 17 18 19 20	0.63 0.63 0.62 0.62 0.62 0.62 0.61
Alaska	21	0.61
Virginia	22	0.59
Kentucky	23	0.59
Colorado	24	0.59
Idaho	25	0.58
Maryland	26	0.58
Louisiana	27	0.58
North Carolina	28	0.58
California	29	0.58
South Carolina	30	0.58
New York	31	0.56
Delaware	32	0.55
New Jersey	33	0.55
Rhode Island	34	0.55
Massachusetts	35	0.53
South Dakota	36	0.53
Alabama	37	0.53
Oregon	38	0.53
Michigan	39	0.53
Connecticut	40	0.52
Tennessee	41	0.52
Texas	42	0.52
Montana	43	0.50
District of Columbia ³	44	0.49
North Dakota	45	0.49
Nevada	46	0.47
Pennsylvania	47	0.46
Mississippi	48	0.46
Illinois	49	0.45
West Virginia	50	0.45
Georgia	51	0.43

† Not applicable.

Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas.

² Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.
³ The District of Columbia, although not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be

used in comparing its data to state data. ⁴ Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one

public library for the entire state.