

Table 1. Number of public libraries, population of legal service area, unduplicated population of legal service area, and state population estimate, by state: Fiscal year 2013

State	Number of public libraries ¹	Population of legal service area ²		Unduplicated population of legal service area ³		State population estimate ⁴	
		Total (in thousands)	Response rate ⁵	Total (in thousands)	Response rate ⁵	Total (in thousands)	Response rate ⁵
Total ⁶	9,091	312,771	100.0	304,773	100.0	313,854	100.0
Alabama	220	4,680	100.0	4,680	100.0	4,803	100.0
Alaska	81	651	100.0	651	100.0	736	100.0
Arizona	90	10,369	100.0	6,580	100.0	6,581	100.0
Arkansas	57	2,792	100.0	2,644	100.0	2,916	100.0
California	183	37,966	100.0	37,966	100.0	37,966	100.0
Colorado	114	5,167	100.0	5,107	100.0	5,189	100.0
Connecticut	183	4,152	100.0	3,408	100.0	3,590	100.0
Delaware	21	917	100.0	917	100.0	917	100.0
District of Columbia	1	632	100.0	632	100.0	632	100.0
Florida	80	19,526	100.0	19,217	100.0	19,527	100.0
Georgia	61	10,661	100.0	10,661	100.0	10,661	100.0
Hawaii	1	1,392	100.0	1,392	100.0	1,392	100.0
Idaho	102	1,393	100.0	1,344	100.0	1,407	100.0
Illinois	623	11,708	100.0	11,699	100.0	12,831	100.0
Indiana	237	6,215	100.0	6,100	100.0	6,484	100.0
Iowa	534	3,056	100.0	3,010	100.0	3,090	100.0
Kansas	319	2,485	100.0	2,485	100.0	2,886	100.0
Kentucky	119	4,381	100.0	4,380	100.0	4,380	100.0
Louisiana	68	4,648	100.0	4,625	100.0	4,625	100.0
Maine	232	1,273	100.0	1,158	100.0	1,328	100.0
Maryland	24	5,801	100.0	5,774	100.0	5,774	100.0
Massachusetts	368	6,584	100.0	6,583	100.0	6,585	100.0
Michigan	388	9,854	100.0	9,833	100.0	9,884	100.0
Minnesota	137	5,703	100.0	5,369	100.0	5,369	100.0
Mississippi	52	2,989	100.0	2,971	100.0	2,991	100.0
Missouri	149	5,469	100.0	5,468	100.0	6,022	100.0
Montana	82	994	100.0	989	100.0	989	100.0
Nebraska	263	1,528	100.0	1,528	100.0	1,856	100.0
Nevada	21	2,745	100.0	2,745	100.0	2,745	100.0
New Hampshire	218	1,413	100.0	983	100.0	1,316	100.0

See notes at end of table.

Table 1. Number of public libraries, population of legal service area, unduplicated population of legal service area, and state population estimate, by state: Fiscal year 2013—Continued

State	Number of public libraries ¹	Population of legal service area ²		Unduplicated population of legal service area ³		State population estimate ⁴	
		Total (in thousands)	Response rate ⁵	Total (in thousands)	Response rate ⁵	Total (in thousands)	Response rate ⁵
New Jersey	295	9,405	100.0	8,700	100.0	8,792	100.0
New Mexico	83	1,637	100.0	1,637	100.0	2,085	100.0
New York	756	19,504	100.0	19,378	100.0	19,378	100.0
North Carolina	80	9,765	100.0	9,765	100.0	9,765	100.0
North Dakota	75	638	100.0	638	100.0	723	100.0
Ohio	251	11,529	100.0	11,529	100.0	11,529	100.0
Oklahoma	117	3,126	100.0	3,126	100.0	3,851	100.0
Oregon	129	3,721	100.0	3,721	100.0	3,884	100.0
Pennsylvania	455	12,408	100.0	12,408	100.0	12,702	100.0
Rhode Island	48	1,432	100.0	1,052	100.0	1,052	100.0
South Carolina	42	4,652	100.0	4,652	100.0	4,652	100.0
South Dakota	111	1,201	100.0	738	100.0	845	100.0
Tennessee	186	6,293	100.0	6,293	100.0	6,293	100.0
Texas	544	23,899	100.0	23,899	100.0	26,059	100.0
Utah	71	2,825	100.0	2,825	100.0	2,855	100.0
Vermont	167	668	100.0	590	100.0	625	100.0
Virginia	91	8,019	100.0	8,019	100.0	8,260	100.0
Washington	61	6,762	100.0	6,762	100.0	6,882	100.0
West Virginia	97	1,853	100.0	1,853	100.0	1,853	100.0
Wisconsin	381	5,713	100.0	5,713	100.0	5,717	100.0
Wyoming	23	576	100.0	576	100.0	576	100.0
Outlying areas							
American Samoa	1	67	100.0	66	100.0	67	100.0
Guam	1	159	100.0	159	100.0	159	100.0

¹A public library is an administrative entity, the agency that is legally established under local or state law to provide public library service to the population of a local jurisdiction. The administrative entity may have a single public library service outlet, or it may have more than one outlet. The types of administrative structures for public libraries are reported in Table 2. See Table 3 for additional information on outlets.

²The number of people in the geographic area for which a public library has been established to offer services and from which (or on behalf of which) the library derives revenue, plus any areas served under contract for which the library is the primary service provider. The determination of this figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state available from the State Data Center or other state sources.

³This is the total unduplicated population of those areas in the state that receive library services. The determination of this figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state. The population of unserved areas is not included in this figure.

⁴This is the most recent total population figure for the state that matches the local population figures that are submitted to IMLS. The state data coordinator for the state library agency is instructed to obtain the figure annually from the State Data Center or other state sources.

⁵Response rate is calculated as the number of libraries that reported the item, divided by the total number of libraries in the survey frame.

⁶Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: A state's total population of legal service area may be larger than the state's total unduplicated population of legal service area or the state population estimate because some public libraries have overlapping service areas. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas (Northern Marianas and Virgin Islands). Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2013. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

Table 1A. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by population of legal service area and state: Fiscal year 2013

State	Number of public libraries	Population of legal service area ¹											Response rate ²
		Less than 1,000	1,000 to 2,499	2,500 to 4,999	5,000 to 9,999	10,000 to 24,999	25,000 to 49,999	50,000 to 99,999	100,000 to 249,999	250,000 to 499,999	500,000 to 999,999	1,000,000 or more	
		Percentage distribution											
Total ³	9,091	10.9	16.4	13.8	16.5	19.3	10.7	6.2	4.1	1.2	0.6	0.3	100.0
Alabama	220	6.8	19.5	10.9	21.8	23.6	7.7	5.0	3.6	0.9	†	†	100.0
Alaska	81	58.0	12.3	9.9	8.6	6.2	2.5	1.2	†	1.2	†	†	100.0
Arizona	90	11.1	13.3	11.1	16.7	14.4	8.9	5.6	13.3	2.2	1.1	2.2	100.0
Arkansas	57	†	7.0	3.5	8.8	19.3	22.8	26.3	10.5	1.8	†	†	100.0
California	183	0.5	1.6	0.5	1.6	12.6	15.8	25.1	26.2	7.1	4.4	4.4	100.0
Colorado	114	11.4	14.9	15.8	16.7	16.7	8.8	4.4	5.3	3.5	2.6	†	100.0
Connecticut	183	0.5	7.1	10.4	22.4	29.5	17.5	9.8	2.7	†	†	†	100.0
Delaware	21	†	†	†	23.8	38.1	14.3	19.0	†	4.8	†	†	100.0
District of Columbia	1	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	100.0	†	100.0
Florida	80	1.3	1.3	3.8	3.8	13.8	11.3	17.5	18.8	16.3	7.5	5.0	100.0
Georgia	61	†	†	†	†	9.8	19.7	21.3	32.8	9.8	4.9	1.6	100.0
Hawaii	1	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	100.0	100.0
Idaho	102	19.6	22.5	14.7	15.7	12.7	7.8	3.9	2.9	†	†	†	100.0
Illinois	623	6.9	22.5	16.5	16.1	20.4	11.4	4.8	1.3	†	†	0.2	100.0
Indiana	237	3.8	18.6	14.8	15.6	22.8	12.7	6.8	4.2	0.4	0.4	†	100.0
Iowa	534	32.0	31.5	15.5	9.0	7.3	2.6	1.7	0.4	†	†	†	100.0
Kansas	319	41.7	28.5	12.2	7.5	5.6	2.2	0.6	0.9	0.6	†	†	100.0
Kentucky	119	†	0.8	1.7	13.4	47.1	23.5	8.4	3.4	0.8	0.8	†	100.0
Louisiana	68	1.5	1.5	2.9	5.9	32.4	22.1	13.2	14.7	5.9	†	†	100.0
Maine	232	11.2	28.0	25.4	23.3	9.5	2.2	0.4	†	†	†	†	100.0
Maryland	24	†	†	†	†	4.2	25.0	16.7	29.2	4.2	20.8	†	100.0
Massachusetts	368	7.9	12.0	13.0	18.5	29.3	12.5	5.4	1.1	†	0.3	†	100.0
Michigan	388	1.8	6.4	18.3	25.5	24.2	12.4	6.2	4.4	0.5	0.3	†	100.0
Minnesota	137	9.5	21.9	16.8	18.2	13.1	5.8	3.6	6.6	3.6	†	0.7	100.0
Mississippi	52	†	†	1.9	11.5	15.4	34.6	23.1	11.5	1.9	†	†	100.0
Missouri	149	4.0	17.4	13.4	19.5	20.8	11.4	7.4	2.7	2.0	1.3	†	100.0
Montana	82	7.3	25.6	20.7	22.0	14.6	2.4	4.9	2.4	†	†	†	100.0
Nebraska	263	58.2	22.8	6.5	5.7	3.8	1.9	0.4	†	0.4	0.4	†	100.0
Nevada	21	4.8	14.3	9.5	14.3	9.5	14.3	14.3	4.8	9.5	†	4.8	100.0
New Hampshire	218	11.9	29.8	24.3	18.3	11.0	3.7	0.5	0.5	†	†	†	100.0

See notes at end of table.

Table 1A. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by population of legal service area and state: Fiscal year 2013—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Population of legal service area ¹											Response rate ²
		Less than 1,000	1,000 to 2,499	2,500 to 4,999	5,000 to 9,999	10,000 to 24,999	25,000 to 49,999	50,000 to 99,999	100,000 to 249,999	250,000 to 499,999	500,000 to 999,999	1,000,000 or more	
		Percentage distribution											
New Jersey	295	†	4.7	8.1	25.4	32.5	15.3	8.8	3.1	1.7	0.3	†	100.0
New Mexico	83	22.9	15.7	18.1	15.7	14.5	6.0	3.6	2.4	†	1.2	†	100.0
New York	756	8.7	19.2	17.9	18.8	19.0	10.8	3.8	1.1	0.1	0.1	0.4	100.0
North Carolina	80	†	†	1.3	2.5	8.8	16.3	32.5	31.3	5.0	2.5	†	100.0
North Dakota	75	32.0	33.3	10.7	5.3	6.7	8.0	2.7	1.3	†	†	†	100.0
Ohio	251	1.2	3.6	8.8	21.1	25.9	18.7	11.6	6.4	1.6	1.2	†	100.0
Oklahoma	117	7.7	30.8	21.4	13.7	16.2	4.3	1.7	1.7	0.9	1.7	†	100.0
Oregon	129	13.2	13.2	10.9	17.1	23.3	8.5	7.8	5.4	†	0.8	†	100.0
Pennsylvania	455	1.1	7.0	12.7	21.1	31.4	16.9	6.4	2.4	0.7	†	0.2	100.0
Rhode Island	48	†	2.1	4.2	18.8	39.6	22.9	8.3	4.2	†	†	†	100.0
South Carolina	42	†	†	†	†	11.9	28.6	23.8	21.4	14.3	†	†	100.0
South Dakota	111	29.7	28.8	9.9	9.0	14.4	3.6	†	4.5	†	†	†	100.0
Tennessee	186	4.8	10.2	7.5	18.8	27.4	16.7	9.7	3.2	0.5	1.1	†	100.0
Texas	544	2.2	11.4	16.7	22.8	20.8	12.5	5.7	5.1	1.3	0.7	0.7	100.0
Utah	71	2.8	11.3	16.9	21.1	18.3	16.9	4.2	5.6	1.4	1.4	†	100.0
Vermont	167	15.6	42.5	23.4	10.8	6.6	0.6	0.6	†	†	†	†	100.0
Virginia	91	†	2.2	2.2	4.4	23.1	27.5	18.7	14.3	6.6	†	1.1	100.0
Washington	61	13.1	13.1	6.6	9.8	18.0	8.2	6.6	9.8	8.2	4.9	1.6	100.0
West Virginia	97	1.0	4.1	18.6	28.9	29.9	8.2	7.2	2.1	†	†	†	100.0
Wisconsin	381	5.8	20.5	21.8	19.9	19.4	7.3	3.4	1.3	0.3	0.3	†	100.0
Wyoming	23	†	4.3	4.3	21.7	34.8	26.1	8.7	†	†	†	†	100.0
Outlying areas													
American Samoa	1	†	†	†	†	†	†	100.0	†	†	†	†	100.0
Guam	1	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	100.0	†	†	†	100.0

† Not applicable.

¹The number of people in the geographic area for which a public library has been established to offer services and from which (or on behalf of which) the library derives revenue, plus any areas served under contract for which the library is the primary service provider. (See Table 1.)

²Response rate is calculated as the number of libraries that reported population of legal service area, divided by the total number of libraries in the survey frame.

³Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas (Northern Marianas and Virgin Islands). Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas.

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Table 1B. Percentage distribution of population of legal service area of public libraries, by state: Fiscal year 2013

State	Number of public libraries	Total population (in thousands)	Population of legal service area ¹											Response rate ²
			Less than 1,000	1,000 to 2,499	2,500 to 4,999	5,000 to 9,999	10,000 to 24,999	25,000 to 49,999	50,000 to 99,999	100,000 to 249,999	250,000 to 499,999	500,000 to 999,999	1,000,000 or more	
			Percentage distribution											
Total ³	9,091	312,771	0.2	0.8	1.5	3.5	9.0	10.9	12.5	18.6	12.6	13.3	17.2	100.0
Alabama	220	4,680	0.2	1.6	1.9	7.3	17.6	13.4	17.1	25.8	15.2	†	†	100.0
Alaska	81	651	2.3	2.7	4.8	7.7	11.4	9.5	15.3	†	46.2	†	†	100.0
Arizona	90	10,369	0.1	0.2	0.3	1.0	1.7	3.1	3.0	20.5	8.1	9.6	52.4	100.0
Arkansas	57	2,792	†	0.3	0.2	1.3	7.5	16.7	37.8	25.0	11.1	†	†	100.0
California	183	37,966	#	#	#	0.1	1.0	2.8	8.5	19.7	12.2	16.5	39.3	100.0
Colorado	114	5,167	0.2	0.6	1.3	2.6	5.4	6.7	6.3	18.4	24.1	34.4	†	100.0
Connecticut	183	4,152	#	0.6	1.7	7.5	21.5	25.0	28.4	15.3	†	†	†	100.0
Delaware	21	917	†	†	†	3.8	14.3	9.4	25.5	†	47.0	†	†	100.0
District of Columbia	1	632	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	100.0	†	100.0
Florida	80	19,526	#	#	0.1	0.1	0.8	1.7	5.1	12.6	23.6	22.9	33.0	100.0
Georgia	61	10,661	†	†	†	†	1.1	4.3	9.4	32.1	20.2	22.7	10.2	100.0
Hawaii	1	1,392	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	100.0	100.0
Idaho	102	1,393	0.8	2.7	3.6	7.9	12.6	21.9	20.2	30.4	†	†	†	100.0
Illinois	623	11,708	0.3	2.1	3.2	6.0	17.6	21.0	17.1	9.8	†	†	23.0	100.0
Indiana	237	6,215	0.1	1.2	2.1	4.4	13.7	16.5	18.2	23.9	5.7	14.1	†	100.0
Iowa	534	3,056	3.2	9.1	9.5	11.5	18.4	15.5	21.5	11.3	†	†	†	100.0
Kansas	319	2,485	2.5	6.1	5.5	7.2	11.2	10.4	5.9	18.4	32.8	†	†	100.0
Kentucky	119	4,381	†	#	0.2	3.0	21.0	23.1	16.9	11.6	7.0	17.1	†	100.0
Louisiana	68	4,648	#	#	0.2	0.7	8.5	11.8	12.5	33.7	32.6	†	†	100.0
Maine	232	1,273	1.1	8.2	16.6	29.9	27.5	11.4	5.2	†	†	†	†	100.0
Maryland	24	5,801	†	†	†	†	0.3	3.6	5.4	19.7	4.9	66.0	†	100.0
Massachusetts	368	6,584	0.3	1.1	2.6	7.6	26.1	23.4	21.1	8.3	†	9.5	†	100.0
Michigan	388	9,854	#	0.5	2.8	7.2	14.6	17.0	17.7	25.5	7.4	7.2	†	100.0
Minnesota	137	5,703	0.2	0.9	1.5	3.1	5.3	5.1	6.1	26.1	31.0	†	20.7	100.0
Mississippi	52	2,989	†	†	0.1	1.7	4.2	21.7	28.4	34.2	9.7	†	†	100.0
Missouri	149	5,469	0.1	0.8	1.4	4.0	9.2	10.4	14.4	12.6	17.5	29.7	†	100.0
Montana	82	994	0.4	3.5	6.6	13.2	16.1	6.0	29.0	25.2	†	†	†	100.0
Nebraska	263	1,528	5.1	6.0	4.1	7.0	10.3	11.3	3.4	†	19.2	33.5	†	100.0
Nevada	21	2,745	#	0.2	0.3	0.8	1.2	4.0	6.1	8.1	25.3	†	54.0	100.0
New Hampshire	218	1,413	1.3	7.9	14.5	19.1	25.4	17.9	6.1	7.8	†	†	†	100.0

See notes at end of table.

Table 1B. Percentage distribution of population of legal service area of public libraries, by state: Fiscal year 2013—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Total population (in thousands)	Population of legal service area ¹											Response rate ²
			Less than 1,000	1,000 to 2,499	2,500 to 4,999	5,000 to 9,999	10,000 to 24,999	25,000 to 49,999	50,000 to 99,999	100,000 to 249,999	250,000 to 499,999	500,000 to 999,999	1,000,000 or more	
			Percentage distribution											
New Jersey	295	9,405	†	0.2	1.0	5.9	15.8	16.7	18.8	15.1	20.2	6.1	†	100.0
New Mexico	83	1,637	0.8	1.3	3.2	5.6	10.9	10.6	13.0	14.4	†	40.3	†	100.0
New York	756	19,504	0.2	1.3	2.5	5.1	11.4	14.4	9.9	6.2	2.4	4.7	41.9	100.0
North Carolina	80	9,765	†	†	#	0.2	1.3	5.3	19.0	40.7	14.0	19.5	†	100.0
North Dakota	75	638	2.4	6.9	4.4	4.4	11.8	28.9	24.0	17.2	†	†	†	100.0
Ohio	251	11,529	#	0.1	0.7	3.4	8.8	14.5	16.8	21.4	14.5	19.7	†	100.0
Oklahoma	117	3,126	0.2	1.8	2.8	3.5	10.2	6.7	6.2	13.4	11.9	43.4	†	100.0
Oregon	129	3,721	0.3	0.8	1.4	4.4	14.6	9.4	17.9	31.2	†	20.1	†	100.0
Pennsylvania	455	12,408	#	0.5	1.8	5.5	18.8	21.3	16.3	13.8	9.8	†	12.3	100.0
Rhode Island	48	1,432	†	0.1	0.6	4.8	22.6	24.9	22.1	24.9	†	†	†	100.0
South Carolina	42	4,652	†	†	†	†	1.9	8.6	14.7	31.8	43.0	†	†	100.0
South Dakota	111	1,201	1.5	4.5	3.3	6.1	23.1	9.9	†	51.6	†	†	†	100.0
Tennessee	186	6,293	0.1	0.6	0.8	3.9	13.5	16.8	18.7	15.1	7.0	23.5	†	100.0
Texas	544	23,899	#	0.5	1.4	3.8	7.7	10.2	8.4	17.5	9.6	12.1	28.9	100.0
Utah	71	2,825	0.1	0.5	1.5	4.1	7.8	14.3	7.1	24.3	11.2	29.3	†	100.0
Vermont	167	668	3.0	16.7	20.2	19.0	26.5	6.4	8.3	†	†	†	†	100.0
Virginia	91	8,019	†	0.1	0.1	0.4	4.3	11.5	16.1	27.2	26.6	†	13.8	100.0
Washington	61	6,762	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.7	2.6	2.6	3.9	16.4	25.2	27.7	20.4	100.0
West Virginia	97	1,853	#	0.4	3.9	11.0	25.7	16.1	27.9	15.0	†	†	†	100.0
Wisconsin	381	5,713	0.3	2.4	5.2	9.4	21.5	17.2	15.6	13.5	4.5	10.5	†	100.0
Wyoming	23	576	†	0.4	0.8	7.0	21.9	39.9	30.0	†	†	†	†	100.0
Outlying areas														
American Samoa	1	67	†	†	†	†	†	†	100.0	†	†	†	†	100.0
Guam	1	159	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	100.0	†	†	†	100.0

† Not applicable.

Rounds to zero.

¹The number of people in the geographic area for which a public library has been established to offer services and from which (or on behalf of which) the library derives revenue, plus any areas served under contract for which the library is the primary service provider.

²Response rate is calculated as the number of libraries that reported population of legal service area, divided by the total number of libraries in the survey frame.

³Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas (Northern Marianas and Virgin Islands). Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2013. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

Table 2. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of administrative structure and state: Fiscal year 2013

State	Number of public libraries	Type of administrative structure ¹			Response rate ⁵
		Single direct service outlet ²	Multiple direct service outlets (administrative office is not separate) ³	Multiple direct service outlets (administrative office is separate) ⁴	
		Percentage distribution			
Total ⁶	9,091	81.1	17.5	1.4	100.0
Alabama	220	89.1	9.1	1.8	100.0
Alaska	81	92.6	7.4	0	100.0
Arizona	90	72.2	20.0	7.8	100.0
Arkansas	57	40.4	49.1	10.5	100.0
California	183	32.8	60.1	7.1	100.0
Colorado	114	67.5	30.7	1.8	100.0
Connecticut	183	85.2	14.8	0	100.0
Delaware	21	81.0	9.5	9.5	100.0
District of Columbia	1	0	100.0	0	100.0
Florida	80	36.3	52.5	11.3	100.0
Georgia	61	11.5	88.5	0	100.0
Hawaii	1	0	0	100.0	100.0
Idaho	102	77.5	22.5	0	100.0
Illinois	623	90.9	9.0	0.2	100.0
Indiana	237	66.2	32.9	0.8	100.0
Iowa	534	98.1	1.9	0	100.0
Kansas	319	95.6	4.4	0	100.0
Kentucky	119	25.2	74.8	0	100.0
Louisiana	68	14.7	85.3	0	100.0
Maine	232	99.1	0.9	0	100.0
Maryland	24	0	70.8	29.2	100.0
Massachusetts	368	89.9	10.1	0	100.0
Michigan	388	84.5	14.2	1.3	100.0
Minnesota	137	80.3	14.6	5.1	100.0
Mississippi	52	26.9	71.2	1.9	100.0
Missouri	149	67.1	28.9	4.0	100.0
Montana	82	78.0	22.0	0	100.0
Nebraska	263	96.6	3.4	0	100.0
Nevada	21	38.1	57.1	4.8	100.0
New Hampshire	218	97.7	2.3	0	100.0

See notes at end of table.

Table 2. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of administrative structure and state: Fiscal year 2013
—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Type of administrative structure ¹			Response rate ⁵
		Single direct service outlet ²	Multiple direct service outlets (administrative office is not separate) ³	Multiple direct service outlets (administrative office is separate) ⁴	
		Percentage distribution			
New Jersey	295	86.4	13.2	0.3	100.0
New Mexico	83	88.0	12.0	0	100.0
New York	756	93.1	6.9	0	100.0
North Carolina	80	16.3	72.5	11.3	100.0
North Dakota	75	85.3	14.7	0	100.0
Ohio	251	59.0	37.8	3.2	100.0
Oklahoma	117	92.3	6.0	1.7	100.0
Oregon	129	79.8	18.6	1.6	100.0
Pennsylvania	455	88.6	11.0	0.4	100.0
Rhode Island	48	79.2	20.8	0	100.0
South Carolina	42	9.5	83.3	7.1	100.0
South Dakota	111	88.3	10.8	0.9	100.0
Tennessee	186	84.4	15.1	0.5	100.0
Texas	544	86.9	12.5	0.6	100.0
Utah	71	74.6	25.4	0	100.0
Vermont	167	96.4	3.6	0	100.0
Virginia	91	29.7	58.2	12.1	100.0
Washington	61	60.7	24.6	14.8	100.0
West Virginia	97	70.1	29.9	0	100.0
Wisconsin	381	94.2	5.5	0.3	100.0
Wyoming	23	13.0	87.0	0	100.0
Outlying areas					
American Samoa	1	0	100.0	0	100.0
Guam	1	0	100.0	0	100.0

¹The administrative structure identifies an autonomous library entity (administrative entity) that has its own governance and funding.

²An administrative entity that serves the public directly with one central library, books-by-mail only, or one bookmobile.

³An administrative entity that serves the public directly with two or more service outlets, including some combination of one central library, branch(es), bookmobile(s), and/or books-by-mail only.

⁴An administrative entity that serves the public directly with two or more service outlets, including some combination of one central library, branch(es), bookmobile(s), and/or books-by-mail only. The administrative offices are separate from the direct service outlets and do not provide direct library services.

⁵Response rate is calculated as the number of libraries that reported administrative structure, divided by the total number of libraries in the survey frame.

⁶Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas (Northern Marianas and Virgin Islands). Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2013. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

Table 2A. Percentage distribution of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by type of administrative structure and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2013

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Type of administrative structure ¹		
		Single direct service outlet ²	Multiple direct service outlets (administrative office is not separate) ³	Multiple direct service outlets (administrative office is separate) ⁴
Percentage distribution				
Total ⁵	9,091	81.1	17.5	1.4
1,000,000 or more	29	0	62.1	37.9
500,000 to 999,999	56	0	71.4	28.6
250,000 to 499,999	111	1.8	77.5	20.7
100,000 to 249,999	372	10.8	78.5	10.8
50,000 to 99,999	564	34.9	61.7	3.4
25,000 to 49,999	976	64.1	34.7	1.1
10,000 to 24,999	1,753	82.9	16.8	0.3
5,000 to 9,999	1,501	92.4	7.5	0.1
2,500 to 4,999	1,254	97.1	2.9	0
1,000 to 2,499	1,487	98.8	1.2	0
Less than 1,000	988	99.7	0.3	0

¹The administrative structure identifies an autonomous library entity (administrative entity) that has its own governance and funding.

²An administrative entity that serves the public directly with one central library, books-by-mail only or one bookmobile.

³An administrative entity that serves the public directly with two or more service outlets, including some combination of one central library, branch(es), bookmobile(s), and/or books-by-mail only.

⁴An administrative entity that serves the public directly with two or more service outlets, including some combination of one central library, branch(es), bookmobile(s), and/or books-by-mail only. The administrative offices are separate from the direct service outlets and do not provide direct library services.

⁵Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. The response rates are included in Table 2.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2013. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

Table 3. Number of public libraries with branches and bookmobiles, and number of service outlets, by type of outlet and state: Fiscal year 2013

State	Number of public libraries	Number of libraries with		Number of outlets						
				Stationary outlets				Bookmobiles ¹		
		Branches	Book-mobiles	Total ²	Central libraries		Branches		Total	Response rate ³
					Total	Response rate ³	Total	Response rate ³		
Total ⁴	9,091	1,540	556	16,545	8,905	100.0	7,640	100.0	669	100.0
Alabama	220	21	11	293	218	100.0	75	100.0	13	100.0
Alaska	81	6	1	97	81	100.0	16	100.0	1	100.0
Arizona	90	23	8	218	84	100.0	134	100.0	10	100.0
Arkansas	57	34	1	217	53	100.0	164	100.0	1	100.0
California	183	116	38	1,115	166	100.0	949	100.0	56	100.0
Colorado	114	36	10	252	97	100.0	155	100.0	13	100.0
Connecticut	183	26	4	229	183	100.0	46	100.0	4	100.0
Delaware	21	3	2	32	19	100.0	13	100.0	2	100.0
District of Columbia	1	1	0	26	1	100.0	25	100.0	0	100.0
Florida	80	50	19	529	60	100.0	469	100.0	26	100.0
Georgia	61	54	15	391	61	100.0	330	100.0	16	100.0
Hawaii	1	1	1	50	1	100.0	49	100.0	2	100.0
Idaho	102	17	10	143	99	100.0	44	100.0	12	100.0
Illinois	623	43	19	777	623	100.0	154	100.0	19	100.0
Indiana	237	73	26	432	237	100.0	195	100.0	29	100.0
Iowa	534	9	3	558	534	100.0	24	100.0	3	100.0
Kansas	319	13	1	367	319	100.0	48	100.0	3	100.0
Kentucky	119	37	74	205	119	100.0	86	100.0	75	100.0
Louisiana	68	51	22	338	68	100.0	270	100.0	25	100.0
Maine	232	2	1	238	232	100.0	6	100.0	1	100.0
Maryland	24	24	11	188	14	100.0	174	100.0	19	100.0
Massachusetts	368	36	4	459	368	100.0	91	100.0	4	100.0
Michigan	388	58	8	641	384	100.0	257	100.0	9	100.0
Minnesota	137	24	7	356	128	100.0	228	100.0	8	100.0
Mississippi	52	38	2	235	49	100.0	186	100.0	2	100.0
Missouri	149	46	15	361	138	100.0	223	100.0	24	100.0
Montana	82	16	4	114	82	100.0	32	100.0	4	100.0
Nebraska	263	3	7	282	263	100.0	19	100.0	7	100.0
Nevada	21	13	3	87	18	100.0	69	100.0	3	100.0
New Hampshire	218	5	0	223	218	100.0	5	100.0	0	100.0

See notes at end of table.

Table 3. Number of public libraries with branches and bookmobiles, and number of service outlets, by type of outlet and state: Fiscal year 2013—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Number of libraries with		Number of outlets						
				Stationary outlets				Bookmobiles ¹		
		Branches	Bookmobiles	Total ²	Central libraries		Branches		Total	Response rate ³
					Total	Response rate ³	Total	Response rate ³		
New Jersey	295	37	12	440	295	100.0	145	100.0	12	100.0
New Mexico	83	10	1	109	83	100.0	26	100.0	1	100.0
New York	756	51	3	1,061	755	100.0	306	100.0	6	100.0
North Carolina	80	64	23	384	69	100.0	315	100.0	25	100.0
North Dakota	75	3	11	78	74	100.0	4	100.0	11	100.0
Ohio	251	99	38	710	238	100.0	472	100.0	55	100.0
Oklahoma	117	9	2	211	117	100.0	94	100.0	2	100.0
Oregon	129	23	8	219	126	100.0	93	100.0	8	100.0
Pennsylvania	455	48	18	626	451	100.0	175	100.0	24	100.0
Rhode Island	48	8	2	70	47	100.0	23	100.0	2	100.0
South Carolina	42	34	29	193	40	100.0	153	100.0	29	100.0
South Dakota	111	8	6	146	111	100.0	35	100.0	6	100.0
Tennessee	186	28	3	286	186	100.0	100	100.0	3	100.0
Texas	544	68	8	857	542	100.0	315	100.0	9	100.0
Utah	71	15	15	123	58	100.0	65	100.0	16	100.0
Vermont	167	3	4	169	166	100.0	3	100.0	4	100.0
Virginia	91	63	20	359	81	100.0	278	100.0	23	100.0
Washington	61	23	12	340	51	100.0	289	100.0	27	100.0
West Virginia	97	27	6	175	97	100.0	78	100.0	7	100.0
Wisconsin	381	20	6	460	378	100.0	82	100.0	6	100.0
Wyoming	23	20	2	76	23	100.0	53	100.0	2	100.0
Outlying areas										
American Samoa	1	1	0	2	1	100.0	1	100.0	0	100.0
Guam	1	1	1	6	1	100.0	5	100.0	1	100.0

¹A bookmobile is a traveling branch library. It consists of at least one of the following: (1) A truck or van that carries an organized collection of library materials; (2) paid staff; and (3) regularly scheduled hours (bookmobile stops) for being open to the public.

²Total stationary outlets is the sum of central and branch libraries.

³Response rate is calculated as the number of libraries that reported the item, divided by the total number of libraries in the survey frame.

⁴Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition. Of the 9,091 public libraries in the 50 States and DC, 7,377 were single-outlet libraries and 1,714 were multiple-outlet libraries. Single-outlet libraries are a central library, bookmobile, or books-by-mail-only outlet. Multiple-outlet libraries have two or more direct service outlets, including some combination of one central library, branch(es), bookmobile(s), and/or books-by-mail-only outlets.

NOTE: Data were not reported by the following outlying areas (Northern Marianas and Virgin Islands). Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas.

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Table 3A. Number of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, with branches and bookmobiles, and number of service outlets, by type of outlet and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2013

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Number of libraries with		Number of outlets			
		Branches	Book-mobiles ¹	Stationary outlets			Book-mobiles ¹
				Total ²	Central libraries	Branches	
Total ³	9,091	1,540	556	16,545	8,905	7,640	669
1,000,000 or more	29	29	14	1,203	18	1,185	37
500,000 to 999,999	56	56	27	1,128	41	1,087	54
250,000 to 499,999	111	109	40	1,207	85	1,122	58
100,000 to 249,999	372	321	109	2,075	320	1,755	136
50,000 to 99,999	564	343	115	1,558	536	1,022	127
25,000 to 49,999	976	303	112	1,708	960	748	114
10,000 to 24,999	1,753	239	90	2,236	1,737	499	92
5,000 to 9,999	1,501	90	34	1,647	1,492	155	36
2,500 to 4,999	1,254	34	8	1,290	1,245	45	8
1,000 to 2,499	1,487	13	7	1,501	1,485	16	7
Less than 1,000	988	3	0	992	986	6	0

¹A bookmobile is a traveling branch library. It consists of at least one of the following: (1) A truck or van that carries an organized collection of library materials; (2) paid staff; and (3) regularly scheduled hours (bookmobile stops) for being open to the public.

²Total stationary outlets is the sum of central and branch libraries.

³Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition. Of the 9,091 public libraries in the 50 States and DC, 7,377 were single-outlet libraries and 1,714 were multiple-outlet libraries. Single-outlet libraries are a central library, bookmobile, or books-by-mail-only outlet. Multiple-outlet libraries have two or more direct service outlets, including some combination of one central library, branch(es), bookmobile(s), and/or books-by-mail-only outlets.

NOTE: The response rates are included in Table 3.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2013. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

Table 4. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by average number of weekly public service hours per outlet and state: Fiscal year 2013

State	Number of public libraries	Average number of weekly public service hours per outlet ¹								Response rate ²
		Less than 10	10 to 19	20 to 29	30 to 39	40 to 49	50 to 59	60 to 69	70 or more	
Percentage distribution										
Total ³	9,091	1.5	6.8	16.1	22.8	25.5	17.6	8.9	0.8	98.0
Alabama	220	0	5.9	17.7	26.8	35.0	9.5	5.0	0	100.0
Alaska	81	12.3	29.6	17.3	11.1	16.0	8.6	4.9	0	100.0
Arizona	90	0	2.2	18.9	25.6	34.4	15.6	3.3	0	86.7
Arkansas	57	0	3.5	10.5	35.1	26.3	14.0	10.5	0	89.5
California	183	1.1	7.1	20.2	26.2	23.5	16.9	4.9	0	98.4
Colorado	114	1.8	6.1	11.4	20.2	22.8	24.6	13.2	0	100.0
Connecticut	183	1.6	2.2	10.4	15.3	32.8	29.0	8.2	0.5	97.8
Delaware	21	0	0	0	4.8	57.1	23.8	14.3	0	100.0
District of Columbia	1	0	0	0	0	100.0	0	0	0	100.0
Florida	80	0	1.3	2.5	28.8	37.5	25.0	5.0	0	88.8
Georgia	61	0	0	18.0	37.7	32.8	9.8	1.6	0	100.0
Hawaii	1	0	0	0	100.0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Idaho	102	0	10.8	24.5	32.4	16.7	11.8	3.9	0	99.0
Illinois	623	0.3	1.9	14.9	20.1	15.6	19.7	23.9	3.5	92.0
Indiana	237	0.8	2.5	5.5	24.9	26.2	24.5	15.2	0.4	99.6
Iowa	534	2.1	10.7	32.0	21.0	19.3	9.4	5.2	0.4	97.2
Kansas	319	1.6	25.1	17.6	14.7	18.8	14.4	6.3	1.6	98.4
Kentucky	119	0.8	0.8	8.4	32.8	35.3	10.9	6.7	4.2	99.2
Louisiana	68	0	2.9	19.1	23.5	35.3	16.2	2.9	0	100.0
Maine	232	7.8	22.0	25.0	19.4	17.7	6.5	1.7	0	99.6
Maryland	24	0	0	4.2	33.3	41.7	12.5	8.3	0	100.0
Massachusetts	368	1.9	12.2	15.8	20.9	29.3	14.4	5.4	0	99.5
Michigan	388	0	1.5	11.3	24.7	28.9	25.5	7.5	0.5	99.2
Minnesota	137	0.7	5.1	16.1	35.8	30.7	10.2	1.5	0	100.0
Mississippi	52	0	1.9	23.1	32.7	30.8	9.6	1.9	0	100.0
Missouri	149	0	2.0	14.8	20.1	32.2	19.5	8.7	2.7	91.3
Montana	82	0	6.1	17.1	29.3	30.5	13.4	1.2	2.4	100.0
Nebraska	263	13.3	22.1	24.3	17.5	9.1	8.4	4.9	0.4	100.0
Nevada	21	0	4.8	42.9	14.3	28.6	9.5	0	0	100.0
New Hampshire	218	4.1	16.5	20.2	31.7	12.8	12.4	2.3	0	98.6

See notes at end of table.

Table 4. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by average number of weekly public service hours per outlet and state: Fiscal year 2013—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Average number of weekly public service hours per outlet ¹								Response rate ²
		Less than 10	10 to 19	20 to 29	30 to 39	40 to 49	50 to 59	60 to 69	70 or more	
Percentage distribution										
New Jersey	295	0	0.3	4.1	11.5	24.1	37.6	21.7	0.7	90.8
New Mexico	83	0	1.2	13.3	25.3	41.0	14.5	4.8	0	100.0
New York	756	0	2.8	23.4	19.3	19.0	18.4	15.6	1.5	100.0
North Carolina	80	0	0	7.5	25.0	45.0	18.8	3.8	0	100.0
North Dakota	75	6.7	22.7	26.7	20.0	17.3	1.3	5.3	0	100.0
Ohio	251	0	0.8	6.0	16.7	27.5	29.5	18.7	0.8	100.0
Oklahoma	117	0	6.8	12.0	21.4	35.9	16.2	6.8	0.9	100.0
Oregon	129	0.8	8.6	22.7	15.6	28.1	18.8	3.9	1.6	100.0
Pennsylvania	455	0.2	0.4	6.4	27.5	33.6	24.8	6.4	0.7	99.6
Rhode Island	48	0	2.1	8.3	22.9	27.1	33.3	4.2	2.1	100.0
South Carolina	42	0	2.4	14.3	33.3	31.0	16.7	2.4	0	97.6
South Dakota	111	3.6	21.6	17.1	19.8	22.5	7.2	8.1	0	100.0
Tennessee	186	0	3.8	12.4	22.0	41.9	13.4	5.9	0.5	100.0
Texas	544	0.2	3.7	13.4	32.2	32.0	12.7	5.5	0.4	100.0
Utah	71	4.2	9.9	14.1	23.9	15.5	19.7	12.7	0	93.0
Vermont	167	6.6	16.8	33.5	24.0	12.0	6.0	0.6	0.6	91.6
Virginia	91	0	0	5.5	19.8	34.1	31.9	8.8	0	100.0
Washington	61	3.3	14.8	13.1	26.2	23.0	18.0	1.6	0	100.0
West Virginia	97	0	0	5.2	41.2	41.2	8.2	4.1	0	100.0
Wisconsin	381	0	1.3	12.3	18.4	28.1	27.6	12.1	0.3	100.0
Wyoming	23	0	8.7	17.4	34.8	21.7	17.4	0	0	100.0
Outlying areas										
American Samoa	1	0	0	100.0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Guam	1	0	0	100.0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0

¹These data are derived from the total *public service hours per year* and the total outlets (*central, branch, bookmobile, and books-by-mail*) of public libraries.

²Response rate is calculated as the number of libraries that reported public service hours, divided by the total number of libraries in the survey frame. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. Data were not imputed for the outlying areas.

³Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas (Northern Marianas and Virgin Islands). Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2013. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

Table 4A. Percentage distribution of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by average number of weekly public service hours per outlet and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2013

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Average number of weekly public service hours per outlet ¹							
		Less than 10	10 to 19	20 to 29	30 to 39	40 to 49	50 to 59	60 to 69	70 or more
		Percentage distribution							
Total ²	9,091	1.5	6.8	16.1	22.8	25.5	17.6	8.9	0.8
1,000,000 or more	29	0	0	0	31.0	58.6	10.3	0	0
500,000 to 999,999	56	0	1.8	5.4	14.3	42.9	32.1	3.6	0
250,000 to 499,999	111	0	1.8	4.5	18.0	33.3	30.6	11.7	0
100,000 to 249,999	372	0.3	1.6	7.0	24.2	31.5	21.5	12.4	1.6
50,000 to 99,999	564	0	2.0	8.2	19.3	25.7	22.2	19.3	3.4
25,000 to 49,999	976	0	1.0	7.2	14.4	21.3	28.6	25.3	2.2
10,000 to 24,999	1,753	0.2	1.1	4.8	13.9	30.6	31.7	16.9	0.7
5,000 to 9,999	1,501	0.3	2.2	7.2	25.4	36.6	22.6	5.3	0.5
2,500 to 4,999	1,254	0.6	3.3	17.5	34.4	32.6	10.2	1.0	0.3
1,000 to 2,499	1,487	1.6	10.4	35.4	33.9	16.1	2.3	0.2	0.1
Less than 1,000	988	9.7	34.2	37.6	13.7	4.1	0.5	0.2	0

¹These data are derived from the total *public service hours per year* and the total outlets (*central, branch, bookmobile, and books-by-mail*) of public libraries.

²Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. Data were not imputed for the outlying areas. The response rates are included in Table 4.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2013. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

Table 5. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of legal basis and state: Fiscal year 2013

State	Number of public libraries	Type of legal basis ¹								Response rate ¹⁰
		Municipal government ²	County/parish ³	City/county ⁴	Multi-jurisdictional ⁵	Nonprofit association or agency libraries ⁶	School district ⁷	Library district ⁸	Other ⁹	
		Percentage distribution								
Total ¹¹	9,091	53.0	10.0	1.0	3.3	14.1	1.9	15.2	1.5	100.0
Alabama	220	75.9	8.2	0.5	15.5	0	0	0	0	100.0
Alaska	81	39.5	19.8	0	8.6	23.5	0	0	8.6	100.0
Arizona	90	51.1	7.8	10.0	1.1	6.7	0	3.3	20.0	100.0
Arkansas	57	26.3	42.1	1.8	26.3	0	0	0	3.5	100.0
California	183	64.5	24.0	2.2	2.7	0	1.6	4.9	0	100.0
Colorado	114	34.2	10.5	0	6.1	0	0.9	48.2	0	100.0
Connecticut	183	54.6	0	0	0	45.4	0	0	0	100.0
Delaware	21	14.3	28.6	4.8	0	0	0	52.4	0	100.0
District of Columbia	1	100.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Florida	80	41.3	40.0	1.3	15.0	0	0	2.5	0	100.0
Georgia	61	0	44.3	0	55.7	0	0	0	0	100.0
Hawaii	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0	100.0
Idaho	102	48.0	0	0	0	0	0	52.0	0	100.0
Illinois	623	48.0	0	0	0	0	0	52.0	0	100.0
Indiana	237	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0	0	100.0
Iowa	534	99.1	0.6	0	0	0	0	0	0.4	100.0
Kansas	319	91.2	4.4	0	0.9	0	0	2.8	0.6	100.0
Kentucky	119	0	10.9	0	0.8	0	0	88.2	0	100.0
Louisiana	68	5.9	88.2	1.5	2.9	0	1.5	0	0	100.0
Maine	232	39.2	0	0	0	60.8	0	0	0	100.0
Maryland	24	4.2	95.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Massachusetts	368	93.2	0	0	0.3	6.5	0	0	0	100.0
Michigan	388	50.3	4.4	0	0	0	4.1	41.0	0.3	100.0
Minnesota	137	79.6	9.5	3.6	7.3	0	0	0	0	100.0
Mississippi	52	3.8	34.6	26.9	32.7	1.9	0	0	0	100.0
Missouri	149	9.4	0	0	0	0	0	90.6	0	100.0
Montana	82	35.4	34.1	15.9	13.4	0	1.2	0	0	100.0
Nebraska	263	95.8	3.8	0	0.4	0	0	0	0	100.0
Nevada	21	0	52.4	0	0	0	0	42.9	4.8	100.0
New Hampshire	218	95.9	0	0	0	3.2	0.9	0	0	100.0

See notes at end of table.

Table 5. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of legal basis and state: Fiscal year 2013—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Type of legal basis ¹								Response rate ¹⁰
		Municipal government ²	County/parish ³	City/county ⁴	Multi-jurisdictional ⁵	Nonprofit association or agency libraries ⁶	School district ⁷	Library district ⁸	Other ⁹	
		Percentage distribution								
New Jersey	295	77.6	4.7	0	2.0	15.6	0	0	0	100.0
New Mexico	83	65.1	1.2	2.4	0	8.4	0	0	22.9	100.0
New York	756	26.1	0.8	0	0	47.0	0.1	25.5	0.5	100.0
North Carolina	80	13.8	60.0	3.8	17.5	2.5	0	0	2.5	100.0
North Dakota	75	62.7	10.7	10.7	16.0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Ohio	251	8.8	23.5	0	0	7.6	59.0	0.4	0.8	100.0
Oklahoma	117	88.0	5.1	0.9	6.0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Oregon	129	58.1	10.1	0	0	2.3	2.3	27.1	0	100.0
Pennsylvania	455	0	0.2	0	0	85.5	0	0	14.3	100.0
Rhode Island	48	50.0	0	0	0	50.0	0	0	0	100.0
South Carolina	42	2.4	92.9	0	4.8	0	0	0	0	100.0
South Dakota	111	69.4	10.8	0.9	14.4	0.9	0	0	3.6	100.0
Tennessee	186	56.5	40.3	3.2	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Texas	544	58.1	19.7	2.2	2.2	15.1	0	2.6	0.2	100.0
Utah	71	62.0	35.2	2.8	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Vermont	167	56.3	0	0	6.0	37.1	0	0.6	0	100.0
Virginia	91	25.3	39.6	1.1	24.2	9.9	0	0	0	100.0
Washington	61	57.4	1.6	0	0	0	0	41.0	0	100.0
West Virginia	97	47.4	34.0	3.1	15.5	0	0	0	0	100.0
Wisconsin	381	89.2	2.1	0.8	6.6	0	0.3	0	1.0	100.0
Wyoming	23	0	100.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Outlying areas										
American Samoa	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0	0	100.0
Guam	1	100.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0

¹Type of legal basis refers to the type of local government structure within which the library functions.

²An organized local government authorized in a state's constitution and statutes and established to provide general government for a specific concentration of population in a defined area.

³An organized local government authorized in a state's constitution and statutes and established to provide general government.

⁴A multi-jurisdictional entity that is operated jointly by a county and a city.

⁵A public library that is operated jointly by two or more units of local government under an intergovernmental agreement.

⁶A public library that is privately controlled but meets the statutory definition of a public library in a given state.

⁷A public library that is under the legal basis of a school district.

⁸A local entity other than a county, municipality, township, or school district that is authorized by state law to establish and operate a public library.

⁹This includes libraries under the legal basis of Native American Tribal Government and combined public/school libraries.

¹⁰Response rate is calculated as the number of libraries that reported type of legal basis, divided by the total number of libraries in the survey frame. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed. Data were not imputed for the outlying areas.

¹¹Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas (Northern Marianas and Virgin Islands). Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2013. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

Table 5A. Percentage distribution of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by type of legal basis and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2013

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Type of legal basis ¹							
		Municipal government ²	County/parish ³	City/country ⁴	Multi-jurisdictional ⁵	Nonprofit association or agency libraries ⁶	School district ⁷	Library district ⁸	Other ⁹
Percentage distribution									
Total ¹⁰	9,091	53.0	10.0	1.0	3.3	14.1	1.9	15.2	1.5
1,000,000 or more	29	24.1	41.4	0	6.9	10.3	0	13.8	3.4
500,000 to 999,999	56	21.4	50.0	8.9	5.4	1.8	0	10.7	1.8
250,000 to 499,999	111	18.0	46.8	1.8	16.2	2.7	0.9	13.5	0
100,000 to 249,999	372	36.0	31.2	2.4	13.4	4.0	0.8	11.3	0.8
50,000 to 99,999	564	41.3	20.9	2.8	8.9	7.1	2.0	15.8	1.2
25,000 to 49,999	976	38.4	17.6	1.4	5.3	12.0	2.2	21.5	1.5
10,000 to 24,999	1,753	46.5	11.0	1.1	2.0	14.1	2.9	21.0	1.4
5,000 to 9,999	1,501	50.7	6.8	0.7	1.7	18.7	3.6	16.5	1.3
2,500 to 4,999	1,254	57.5	4.4	0.6	1.4	18.3	1.8	14.1	1.8
1,000 to 2,499	1,487	64.8	3.4	0.5	1.9	15.7	0.7	11.8	1.2
Less than 1,000	988	78.2	1.3	0	2.2	10.9	0.4	4.7	2.2

¹Type of legal basis refers to the type of local government structure within which the library functions.

²An organized local government authorized in a state's constitution and statutes and established to provide general government for a specific concentration of population in a defined area.

³An organized local government authorized in a state's constitution and statutes and established to provide general government.

⁴A multi-jurisdictional entity that is operated jointly by a county and a city.

⁵A public library that is operated jointly by two or more units of local government under an intergovernmental agreement.

⁶A public library that is privately controlled but meets the statutory definition of a public library in a given state.

⁷A public library that is under the legal basis of a school district.

⁸A local entity other than a county, municipality, township, or school district that is authorized by state law to establish and operate a public library.

⁹This includes libraries under the legal basis of Native American Tribal Government and combined public/school libraries.

¹⁰Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. The response rates are included in Table 5. Data were not imputed for outlying areas.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2013. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

Table 6. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of geographic service area and state: Fiscal year 2013

State	Number of public libraries	Type of geographic service area ¹											Response rate ²
		Municipal government		County/parish		Metropolitan area		Multicounty		School district		Other	
		Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly		
Percentage distribution													
Total ³	9,091	35.7	15.7	12.4	5.5	0.1	0.1	1.4	0.4	4.6	0.6	23.4	100.0
Alabama	220	71.8	5.0	12.7	8.6	0	0.5	0	0.9	0	0	0.5	100.0
Alaska	81	76.5	3.7	18.5	0	1.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Arizona	90	11.1	44.4	5.6	10.0	5.6	0	0	1.1	0	0	22.2	100.0
Arkansas	57	22.8	1.8	40.4	1.8	1.8	0	24.6	1.8	0	0	5.3	100.0
California	183	60.7	7.1	15.8	13.1	0.5	0.5	0.5	0	0.5	1.1	0	100.0
Colorado	114	31.6	2.6	21.9	7.9	0	0	0	0.9	28.1	2.6	4.4	100.0
Connecticut	183	89.6	10.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Delaware	21	90.5	4.8	4.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
District of Columbia	1	100.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Florida	80	40.0	1.3	37.5	8.8	0	0	12.5	0	0	0	0	100.0
Georgia	61	0	0	45.9	0	0	0	54.1	0	0	0	0	100.0
Hawaii	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0	100.0
Idaho	102	43.1	0	10.8	0	0	0	0	1.0	14.7	4.9	25.5	100.0
Illinois	623	48.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	52.0	100.0
Indiana	237	14.3	0.8	9.7	5.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	70.0	100.0
Iowa	534	0	99.1	0	0.6	0	0	0	0	0	0.4	0	100.0
Kansas	319	91.5	0	4.4	3.1	0	0	0	0	0.3	0	0.6	100.0
Kentucky	119	0	0	99.2	0	0	0	0.8	0	0	0	0	100.0
Louisiana	68	5.9	0	89.7	0	0	0	1.5	0	0	0	2.9	100.0
Maine	232	0	100.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Maryland	24	0	4.2	95.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Massachusetts	368	10.9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	89.1	100.0
Michigan	388	24.5	1.0	2.8	2.8	0	0.3	0.3	0	5.9	3.1	59.3	100.0
Minnesota	137	72.3	8.8	11.7	0	0	0	5.1	0.7	0	0	1.5	100.0
Mississippi	52	0	3.8	63.5	0	0	0	30.8	1.9	0	0	0	100.0
Missouri	149	35.6	20.1	26.2	8.1	0	0.7	2.0	6.7	0.7	0	0	100.0
Montana	82	29.3	9.8	41.5	19.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Nebraska	263	88.2	8.0	3.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.4	100.0
Nevada	21	0	0	52.4	0	0	0	4.8	0	0	0	42.9	100.0
New Hampshire	218	100.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0

See notes at end of table.

Table 6. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of geographic service area and state: Fiscal year 2013—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Type of geographic service area ¹											Response rate ²
		Municipal government		County/parish		Metropolitan area		Multicounty		School district		Other	
		Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly		
Percentage distribution													
New Jersey	295	95.3	0	4.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
New Mexico	83	61.4	1.2	6.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	31.3	100.0
New York	756	4.6	0	1.1	0	0	0	0.1	0	23.5	0.1	70.5	100.0
North Carolina	80	12.5	0	56.3	15.0	0	0	13.8	2.5	0	0	0	100.0
North Dakota	75	70.7	0	21.3	0	0	0	6.7	0	0	1.3	0	100.0
Ohio	251	8.4	0.8	22.7	0.8	0	0	0.4	0	57.0	2.4	7.6	100.0
Oklahoma	117	88.0	0	6.8	0	0	0	5.1	0	0	0	0	100.0
Oregon	129	46.5	20.9	17.8	0.8	0	0.8	0	0	3.9	0.8	8.5	100.0
Pennsylvania	455	1.3	3.1	2.6	1.3	0	0	0	0	1.1	0.7	89.9	100.0
Rhode Island	48	100.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
South Carolina	42	2.4	0	92.9	0	0	0	4.8	0	0	0	0	100.0
South Dakota	111	37.8	18.0	14.4	9.0	0	1.8	0	2.7	1.8	11.7	2.7	100.0
Tennessee	186	30.6	21.5	33.9	13.4	0.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Texas	544	35.5	0.2	21.7	38.6	0	0	0.4	0	2.8	0	0.9	100.0
Utah	71	63.4	0	16.9	19.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Vermont	167	83.8	15.0	0	0.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.6	100.0
Virginia	91	25.3	0	41.8	7.7	1.1	1.1	9.9	13.2	0	0	0	100.0
Washington	61	55.7	1.6	6.6	19.7	0	0	0	8.2	1.6	1.6	4.9	100.0
West Virginia	97	0	3.1	37.1	58.8	0	0	1.0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Wisconsin	381	0.8	95.0	1.8	2.1	0	0	0	0	0	0.3	0	100.0
Wyoming	23	0	0	100.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Outlying areas													
American Samoa	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0	0	0	0	100.0
Guam	1	100.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0

¹The types of geographic service areas (Municipal government, County/parish, Metropolitan area, etc.) are from U.S. Census Bureau geography. Public libraries identified the geographic service area type that either exactly or most nearly

described the geographic area for which the public library was established to offer services and from which (or on behalf of which) the library derives income, and any areas under contract for which the library is the primary service provider.

²Response rate is calculated as the number of libraries that reported geographic service area, divided by the total number of libraries in the survey frame. For item(s) with response rate below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed. Data was not imputed for outlying areas.

³Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas (Northern Marianas and Virgin Islands). Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2013. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

**Table 6A. Percentage distribution of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by type of geographic service area and population of legal service area:
Fiscal year 2013**

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Type of geographic service area ¹										Other
		Municipal government		County/parish		Metropolitan area		Multicounty		School district		
		Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly	
Percentage distribution												
Total ²	9,091	35.7	15.7	12.4	5.5	0.1	0.1	1.4	0.4	4.6	0.6	23.4
1,000,000 or more	29	20.7	0	24.1	41.4	3.4	0	3.4	0	0	0	6.9
500,000 to 999,999	56	17.9	3.6	50.0	19.6	0	0	3.6	3.6	0	0	1.8
250,000 to 499,999	111	13.5	2.7	48.6	16.2	0.9	0	9.0	2.7	0.9	0	5.4
100,000 to 249,999	372	28.0	4.0	33.1	11.8	0	0.8	9.9	3.2	1.9	0.5	6.7
50,000 to 99,999	564	33.7	7.4	25.4	7.8	0.5	0.2	6.2	1.6	4.1	0.5	12.6
25,000 to 49,999	976	29.1	8.4	22.4	5.9	0.2	0.2	3.3	0.6	7.9	0.6	21.3
10,000 to 24,999	1,753	30.1	11.1	16.6	5.4	0	0	0.4	0.3	6.8	0.5	28.7
5,000 to 9,999	1,501	32.3	15.5	9.3	6.7	0.1	0.1	0	0.1	6.8	0.7	28.5
2,500 to 4,999	1,254	33.6	21.1	4.5	5.7	0.1	0.1	0.1	0	4.0	0.2	30.7
1,000 to 2,499	1,487	43.6	22.9	3.8	2.6	0.1	0	0	0	2.0	0.9	24.1
Less than 1,000	988	56.2	25.6	1.4	0.5	0	0	0.1	0	1.3	0.5	14.4

¹The types of geographic service areas (Municipal government, County/parish, Metropolitan area, etc.) are from U.S. Census Bureau geography. Public libraries identified the geographic service area type that either exactly or most nearly described the geographic area for which the public library was established to offer services and from which (or on behalf of which) the library derives income, and any areas under contract for which the library is the primary service provider.

²Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. The response rates are included in Table 6. Data were not imputed for the outlying areas.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2013. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

Table 7. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of interlibrary relationship and state: Fiscal year 2013

State	Number of public libraries	Type of interlibrary relationship			Response rate ³
		Headquarters of a federation or cooperative ¹	Member of a federation or cooperative ²	Not a member of a federation or cooperative	
		Percentage distribution			
Total ⁴	9,091	1.2	74.6	24.2	100.0
Alabama	220	6.8	63.2	30.0	100.0
Alaska	81	0	0	100.0	100.0
Arizona	90	4.4	46.7	48.9	100.0
Arkansas	57	8.8	0	91.2	100.0
California	183	0	96.7	3.3	100.0
Colorado	114	0	100.0	0	100.0
Connecticut	183	0	94.5	5.5	100.0
Delaware	21	0	0	100.0	100.0
District of Columbia	1	0	0	100.0	100.0
Florida	80	10.0	35.0	55.0	100.0
Georgia	61	0	0	100.0	100.0
Hawaii	1	0	100.0	0	100.0
Idaho	102	0	55.9	44.1	100.0
Illinois	623	0	99.8	0.2	100.0
Indiana	237	0	98.3	1.7	100.0
Iowa	534	0	100.0	0	100.0
Kansas	319	1.9	93.7	4.4	100.0
Kentucky	119	0	0	100.0	100.0
Louisiana	68	0	0	100.0	100.0
Maine	232	0.9	88.8	10.3	100.0
Maryland	24	0	58.3	41.7	100.0
Massachusetts	368	0	100.0	0	100.0
Michigan	388	0	98.2	1.8	100.0
Minnesota	137	5.8	89.8	4.4	100.0
Mississippi	52	1.9	0	98.1	100.0
Missouri	149	0	53.0	47.0	100.0
Montana	82	7.3	92.7	0	100.0
Nebraska	263	0	100.0	0	100.0
Nevada	21	0	57.1	42.9	100.0
New Hampshire	218	0.9	6.9	92.2	100.0

See notes at end of table.

Table 7. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of interlibrary relationship and state: Fiscal year 2013

—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Type of interlibrary relationship			Response rate ³
		Headquarters of a federation or cooperative ¹	Member of a federation or cooperative ²	Not a member of a federation or cooperative	
Percentage distribution					
New Jersey	295	0	95.9	4.1	100.0
New Mexico	83	0	7.2	92.8	100.0
New York	756	0.7	99.1	0.3	100.0
North Carolina	80	1.3	0	98.8	100.0
North Dakota	75	2.7	0	97.3	100.0
Ohio	251	0	74.1	25.9	100.0
Oklahoma	117	6.8	0	93.2	100.0
Oregon	129	3.9	73.6	22.5	100.0
Pennsylvania	455	3.5	67.7	28.8	100.0
Rhode Island	48	4.2	95.8	0	100.0
South Carolina	42	4.8	0	95.2	100.0
South Dakota	111	0.9	0	99.1	100.0
Tennessee	186	0	92.5	7.5	100.0
Texas	544	0	97.1	2.9	100.0
Utah	71	0	0	100.0	100.0
Vermont	167	0.6	0.6	98.8	100.0
Virginia	91	0	0	100.0	100.0
Washington	61	0	0	100.0	100.0
West Virginia	97	11.3	51.5	37.1	100.0
Wisconsin	381	0	100.0	0	100.0
Wyoming	23	0	100.0	0	100.0
Outlying areas					
American Samoa	1	0	0	100.0	100.0
Guam	1	0	0	100.0	100.0

¹The library or entity that provides the physical space and staff who manage, coordinate, or administer the programs of the federation or cooperative.

²An autonomous library joined by formal or informal agreement(s) with (a) other autonomous libraries in the same state to perform various services cooperatively, such as resource sharing, communications, etc. and (b) libraries that are part of national, multi-state or statewide library federations or cooperatives. This excludes the Online Computer Library Center (OCLC) system; multiple-outlet administrative entities (e.g., libraries with branches that have the word “system” in their legal name) if the entity does not have an agreement with another autonomous library; and libraries that serve as the headquarters of a federation or cooperative.

³Response rate is calculated as the number of libraries that reported interlibrary relationship, divided by the total number of libraries in the survey frame. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed. Data were not imputed for the outlying areas.

⁴Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas (Northern Marianas and Virgin Islands). Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas.

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Table 7A. Percentage distribution of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by type of interlibrary relationship and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2013

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Type of interlibrary relationship		
		Headquarters of a federation or cooperative ¹	Member of a federation or cooperative ²	Not a member of a federation or cooperative
Percentage distribution				
Total ³	9,091	1.2	74.6	24.2
1,000,000 or more	29	10.3	62.1	27.6
500,000 to 999,999	56	8.9	50.0	41.1
250,000 to 499,999	111	9.0	44.1	46.8
100,000 to 249,999	372	6.7	53.2	40.1
50,000 to 99,999	564	3.5	65.4	31.0
25,000 to 49,999	976	1.4	72.6	25.9
10,000 to 24,999	1,753	1.2	77.4	21.4
5,000 to 9,999	1,501	0.4	80.2	19.4
2,500 to 4,999	1,254	0.4	79.7	19.9
1,000 to 2,499	1,487	0	75.1	24.9
Less than 1,000	988	0.2	74.6	25.2

¹The library or entity that provides the physical space and staff who manage, coordinate, or administer the programs of the federation or cooperative.

²An autonomous library joined by formal or informal agreement(s) with (a) other autonomous libraries in the same state to perform various services cooperatively, such as resource sharing, communications, etc. and (b) libraries that are part of national, multi-state or statewide library federations or cooperatives. This excludes the Online Computer Library Center (OCLC) system; multiple-outlet administrative entities (e.g., libraries with branches that have the word “system” in their legal name) if the entity does not have an agreement with another autonomous library; and libraries that serve as the headquarters of a federation or cooperative.

³Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. The response rates are included in Table 7. Data were not imputed for the outlying areas.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2013. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.